# HIKVISION

# **Network Camera**

**User Manual** 

# **Initiatives on the Use of Video Products**

# Thank you for choosing Hikvision products.

Technology affects every aspect of our life. As a high-tech company, we are increasingly aware of the role technology plays in improving business efficiency and quality of life, but at the same time, the potential harm of its improper usage. For example, video products are capable of recording real, complete and clear images. This provides a high value in retrospect and preserving real-time facts. However, it may also result in the infringement of a third party's legitimate rights and interests if improper distribution, use and/or processing of video data takes place. With the philosophy of "Technology for the Good", Hikvision requests that every end user of video technology and video products shall comply with all the applicable laws and regulations, as well as ethical customs, aiming to jointly create a better community.

# Please read the following initiatives carefully:

- Everyone has a reasonable expectation of privacy, and the installation of video products should
  not be in conflict with this reasonable expectation. Therefore, a warning notice shall be given in
  a reasonable and effective manner and clarify the monitoring range, when installing video
  products in public areas. For non-public areas, a third party's rights and interests shall be
  evaluated when installing video products, including but not limited to, installing video products
  only after obtaining the consent of the stakeholders, and not installing highly-invisible video
  products.
- The purpose of video products is to record real activities within a specific time and space and
  under specific conditions. Therefore, every user shall first reasonably define his/her own rights in
  such specific scope, in order to avoid infringing on a third party's portraits, privacy or other
  legitimate rights.
- During the use of video products, video image data derived from real scenes will continue to be generated, including a large amount of biological data (such as facial images), and the data could be further applied or reprocessed. Video products themselves could not distinguish good from bad regarding how to use the data based solely on the images captured by the video products. The result of data usage depends on the method and purpose of use of the data controllers. Therefore, data controllers shall not only comply with all the applicable laws and regulations and other normative requirements, but also respect international norms, social morality, good morals, common practices and other non-mandatory requirements, and respect individual privacy, portrait and other rights and interests.
- The rights, values and other demands of various stakeholders should always be considered when
  processing video data that is continuously generated by video products. In this regard, product
  security and data security are extremely crucial. Therefore, every end user and data controller,
  shall undertake all reasonable and necessary measures to ensure data security and avoid data
  leakage, improper disclosure and improper use, including but not limited to, setting up access

- control, selecting a suitable network environment (the Internet or Intranet) where video products are connected, establishing and constantly optimizing network security.
- Video products have made great contributions to the improvement of social security around the
  world, and we believe that these products will also play an active role in more aspects of social
  life. Any abuse of video products in violation of human rights or leading to criminal activities are
  contrary to the original intent of technological innovation and product development. Therefore,
  each user shall establish an evaluation and tracking mechanism of their product application to
  ensure that every product is used in a proper and reasonable manner and with good faith.

# **Legal Information**

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#### **About this Manual**

The Manual includes instructions for using and managing the Product. Pictures, charts, images and all other information hereinafter are for description and explanation only. The information contained in the Manual is subject to change, without notice, due to firmware updates or other reasons. Please find the latest version of this Manual at the Hikvision website ( <a href="https://www.hikvision.com/">https://www.hikvision.com/</a>).

Please use this Manual with the guidance and assistance of professionals trained in supporting the Product.

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# **Chapter 1 Device Activation and Accessing**

To protect the security and privacy of the user account and data, you should set a login password to activate the device when access the device via network.



Refer to the user manual of the software client for the detailed information about the client software activation.

# 1.1 Activate Device

The device needs to be activated by setting a strong password before use. This part introduces activation using different client tools.

## 1.1.1 Activate via SADP

SADP is a tool to detect, activate and modify the IP address of the device over the LAN.

#### **Before You Start**

- Get the SADP software from the supplied disk or the official website <a href="http://www.hikvision.com/">http://www.hikvision.com/</a>, and install the SADP according to the prompts.
- The device and the PC that runs the SADP tool should belong to the same subnet.

The following steps show how to activate one device and modify its IP address. For batch activation and IP address modification, refer to *User Manual of SADP* for details.

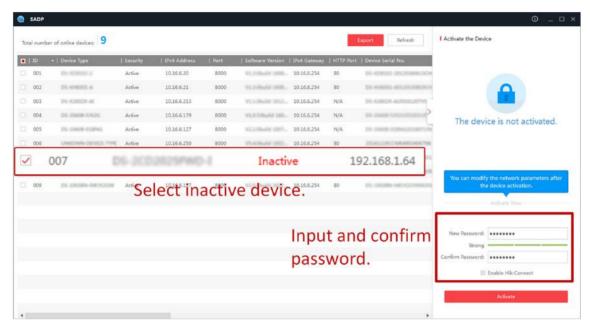
## Steps

- 1. Run the SADP software and search the online devices.
- 2. Find and select your device in online device list.
- 3. Input new password (admin password) and confirm the password.



STRONG PASSWORD RECOMMENDED-We highly recommend you create a strong password of your own choosing (using a minimum of 8 characters, including upper case letters, lower case letters, numbers, and special characters) in order to increase the security of your product. And we recommend you reset your password regularly, especially in the high security system, resetting the password monthly or weekly can better protect your product.

4. Click Activate to start activation.



Status of the device becomes Active after successful activation.

- 5. Modify IP address of the device.
  - 1) Select the device.
  - 2) Change the device IP address to the same subnet as your computer by either modifying the IP address manually or checking **Enable DHCP**.
  - 3) Input the admin password and click **Modify** to activate your IP address modification.

#### 1.1.2 Activate Camera via iVMS-4200

iVMS-4200 is a PC client to manage and operate your devices. Camera activation is supported by the software.

## **Before You Start**

- Get the client software from the supplied disk or the official website <a href="http://www.hikvision.com/en/">http://www.hikvision.com/en/</a>. Install the software following the prompts.
- The camera and the PC that runs the software should be in the same subnet.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Run the client software.
- 2. Enter Device Management or Online Device.
- **3.** Check the device status from the device list, and select an inactive camera.
- 4. Click the Activate.
- **5.** Create and confirm the admin password of the camera.



STRONG PASSWORD RECOMMENDED-We highly recommend you create a strong password of your own choosing (using a minimum of 8 characters, including upper case letters, lower case letters, numbers, and special characters) in order to increase the security of your product. And we recommend you reset your password regularly, especially in the high security system, resetting the password monthly or weekly can better protect your product.

6. Click OK to start activation.

Device status change to **Active** after successful activation.

- 7. Modify IP address of the device.
  - 1) Select the device and click **Modify Netinfo** at **Online Device**.
  - 2) Change the device IP address to the same subnet with your computer by either modifying the IP address manually or checking **DHCP**.
  - 3) Input the admin password of the device and click **OK** to complete modification.

## 1.1.3 Activate Device via Web Browser

Use web browser to activate the device. For the device with the DHCP enabled by default, use SADP software or PC client to activate the device.

#### **Before You Start**

Make sure your device and your PC connect to the same LAN.

#### Steps

- 1. Change the IP address of your PC to the same subnet as the device.
  - The default IP address of the device is 192.168.1.64.
- 2. Open a web browser and input the default IP address.
- 3. Create and confirm the admin password.



STRONG PASSWORD RECOMMENDED-We highly recommend you create a strong password of your own choosing (using a minimum of 8 characters, including upper case letters, lower case letters, numbers, and special characters) in order to increase the security of your product. And we recommend you reset your password regularly, especially in the high security system, resetting the password monthly or weekly can better protect your product.

- **4.** Click **OK** to complete activation and enter **Live View** page.
- **5.** Modify IP address of the camera.
  - 1) Enter IP address modification page. Configuration → Network → TCP/IP
  - 2) Change IP address.
  - 3) Save the settings.

# 1.2 Access Camera

This part introduces how to access the camera via Web browser or client software.

## 1.2.1 Access Camera via Web Browser

#### **Before You Start**

Check the system requirement to confirm that the operating computer and web browser meets the requirements.

**Table 1-1 System Requirement** 

Operating System	Microsoft Windows XP and above version, Mac OS X 10.8 and above version
CPU	3.0 GHz or higher
RAM	1 GB or higher
Display	1024 × 768 resolution or higher
Web Browser	Internet Explorer 8.0 and above version, Mozilla Firefox 30.0-51, Google Chrome 31.0-44, Safari 8.0+

# **Steps**

1. Open the web browser.

Note

For some web browsers, a plug-in is required. For detailed requirements, see <u>Plug-in</u> <u>Installation</u>.

- 2. Input IP address of the camera to enter the login interface.
- 3. Input user name and password.

**i**Note

Illegal login lock is activated by default. If admin user performs seven failed password attempts (five attempts for user/operator), the IP address is blocked for 30 minutes.

If illegal login lock is not needed, go to **Configuration** → **System** → **Security** → **Security** Service to turn it off.

- 4. Click Login.
- 5. Download and install appropriate plug-in for your web browser.

For IE based web browser, webcomponents and <sup>™</sup> are optional. For non-IE based web browser, webcomponents, <sup>™</sup>, VLC and MJEPG are optional.

#### What to do next

- You can recover admin password. For detailed settings, see Admin Password Recovery .
- You can set illegal login lock to improve security. For detailed settings, see <u>Illegal Login Lock</u>.

# **Plug-in Installation**

Certain operation systems and web browser may restrict the display and operation of the camera function. You should install plug-in or complete certain settings to ensure normal display and operation. For detailed restricted function, refer to the actual device.

Operating System	Web Browser	Operation
Windows	<ul> <li>Internet Explorer 8+</li> <li>Google Chrome 57 and earlier version</li> <li>Mozilla Firefox 52 and earlier version</li> </ul>	Follow pop-up prompts to complete plug-in installation.
	<ul><li>Google Chrome 57+</li><li>Mozilla Firefox 52+</li></ul>	Click Download Plug-in to download and install plug-in.
Mac OS	<ul> <li>Google Chrome 57+</li> <li>Mozilla Firefox 52+</li> <li>Mac Safari 16+</li> </ul>	Plug-in installation is not required.  Go to Configuration →  Network → Advanced Settings → Network Service to enable  WebSocket or Websockets for normal view. Display and operation of certain functions are restricted. For example, Playback and Picture are not available. For detailed restricted function, refer to the actual device.

Note

The camera only supports Windows and Mac OS system and do not support Linux system.

# **Admin Password Recovery**

If you forget the admin password, you can reset the password by clicking **Forget Password** on the login page after completing the account security settings.

You can reset the password by setting the security question or email.



When you need to reset the password, make sure that the device and the PC are on the same network segment.

# **Security Question**

You can set the account security during the activation. Or you can go to **Configuration** → **System** → **User Management**, click **Account Security Settings**, select the security question and input your answer.

You can click **Forget Password** and answer the security question to reset the admin password when access the device via browser.

# **Email**

You can set the account security during the activation. Or you can go to **Configuration** → **System** → **User Management**, click **Account Security Settings**, input your email address to receive the verification code during the recovering operation process.

# **Illegal Login Lock**

It helps to improve the security when accessing the device via Internet.

Go to Configuration → System → Security → Security Service , and enable Enable Illegal Login Lock. Illegal Login Attempts and Locking Duration are configurable.

# **Illegal Login Attempts**

When your login attempts with the wrong password reach the set times, the device is locked.

#### **Locking Duration**

The device releases the lock after the setting duration.

# 1.2.2 Access Camera via iVMS-4200

Add the camera to client software before further operation.

Refer to the iVMS-4200 Client Software User Manual for detailed setting steps.

#### 1.2.3 Access Camera via Hik-Connect

Hik-Connect is an application for mobile devices. Using the App, you can view live image, receive alarm notification and so on.

#### **Before You Start**

Connect the camera to network with network cables.

# **Steps**

- 1. Get and install Hik-Connect application by the following ways.
  - Visit <a href="https://appstore.hikvision.com">https://appstore.hikvision.com</a> to download the application according to your mobile phone system.
  - Visit the official site of our company. Then go to Support → Tools → Hikvision App Store.
  - Scan the QR code below to download the application.





If errors like "Unknown app" occur during the installation, solve the problem in two ways.

- Visit <a href="https://appstore.hikvision.com/static/help/index.html">https://appstore.hikvision.com/static/help/index.html</a> to refer to the troubleshooting.
- Visit <u>https://appstore.hikvision.com/</u>, and click **Installation Help** at the upper right corner of the interface to refer to the troubleshooting.
- 2. Start the application and register for a Hik-Connect user account.
- 3. Log in after registration.
- **4.** In the app, tap "+" on the upper-right corner and then scan the QR code of the camera to add the camera. You can find the QR code on the camera or on the cover of the Quick Start Guide of the camera in the package.
- **5.** Follow the prompts to set the network connection and add the camera to your Hik-Connect account.

For detailed information, refer to the user manual of the Hik-Connect app.

#### **Enable Hik-Connect Service on Camera**

Hik-Connect service should be enabled on your camera before using the service.

You can enable the service through SADP software or Web browser.

# **Enable Hik-Connect Service via Web Browser**

Follow the following steps to enable Hik-Connect Service via Web Browser.

#### **Before You Start**

You need to activate the camera before enabling the service.

#### Steps

1. Access the camera via web browser.

- 2. Enter platform access configuration interface. Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → Platform Access
- 3. Select Hik-Connect as the Platform Access Mode.
- 4. Check Enable.
- 5. Click and read "Terms of Service" and "Privacy Policy" in pop-up window.
- 6. Create a verification code or change the old verification code for the camera.

**i**Note

The verification code is required when you add the camera to Hik-Connect service.

7. Save the settings.

## **Enable Hik-Connect Service via SADP Software**

This part introduce how to enable Hik-Connect service via SADP software of an activated camera.

# **Steps**

- 1. Run SADP software.
- 2. Select a camera and enter Modify Network Parameters page.
- 3. Check Enable Hik-Connect.
- **4.** Create a verification code or change the old verification code.

Note

The verification code is required when you add the camera to Hik-Connect service.

- 5. Click and read "Terms of Service" and "Privacy Policy".
- 6. Confirm the settings.

# **Set Up Hik-Connect**

#### **Steps**

- 1. Get and install Hik-Connect application by the following ways.
  - Visit <a href="https://appstore.hikvision.com">https://appstore.hikvision.com</a> to download the application according to your mobile phone system.
  - Visit the official site of our company. Then go to **Support** → **Tools** → **Hikvision App Store** .
  - Scan the QR code below to download the application.





If errors like "Unknown app" occur during the installation, solve the problem in two ways.

- Visit https://appstore.hikvision.com/static/help/index.html to refer to the troubleshooting.
- Visit <u>https://appstore.hikvision.com/</u>, and click **Installation Help** at the upper right corner of the interface to refer to the troubleshooting.
- 2. Start the application and register for a Hik-Connect user account.
- 3. Log in after registration.

# **Add Camera to Hik-Connect**

# **Steps**

- 1. Connect your mobile device to a Wi-Fi.
- 2. Log into the Hik-Connect app.
- 3. In the home page, tap "+" on the upper-right corner to add a camera.
- 4. Scan the QR code on camera body or on the Quick Start Guide cover.



If the QR code is missing or too blur to be recognized, you can also add the camera by inputting the camera's serial number.

5. Input the verification code of your camera.



- The required verification code is the code you create or change when you enable Hik-Connect service on the camera.
- If you forget the verification code, you can check the current verification code on **Platform Access** configuration page via web browser.
- **6.** Tap **Connect to a Network** button in the popup interface.
- **7.** Choose **Wired Connection** or **Wireless Connection** according to your camera function.

Wireless Connection	Input the Wi-Fi password that your mobile phone has connected to, and tap <b>Next</b> to start the Wi-Fi connection process. (Locate the camera within 3 meters from the router when setting up the Wi-Fi.)
Wired Connection	Connect the camera to the router with a network cable and tap <b>Connected</b> in the result interface.

# Note

The router should be the same one which your mobile phone has connected to.

**8.** Tap **Add** in the next interface to finish adding.

For detailed information, refer to the user manual of the Hik-Connect app.

# **Initialize Memory Card via Hik-Connect**

Memory card requires initialization before saving camera recordings and pictures.

# **Steps**

- 1. Check the memory card status by tapping on **Storage Status** in the device settings interface.
- **2.** If the memory card status displays as Uninitialized, tap to initialize it. The status will change to Normal after the successful initialization.

# Result

You can then start recording any event triggered video in the camera such as motion detection.

# **Chapter 2 Network Camera Configuration**

Enter a short description of your concept here (optional).

This is the start of your concept.

# 2.1 Update Firmware

For better user experience, we recommend you to update your device to the latest firmware asap. Please get the latest firmware package from the official website or the local technical expert. For more information, please visit the official website: <a href="https://www.hikvision.com/en/support/">https://www.hikvision.com/en/support/</a> download/firmware/.

For the upgrading settings, refer to **Upgrade** .

# 2.2 Symbol Conventions

The symbols that may be found in this document are defined as follows.

Symbol	Description
<u> </u>	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will or could result in death or serious injury.
<b>A</b> Caution	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in equipment damage, data loss, performance degradation, or unexpected results.
Note	Provides additional information to emphasize or supplement important points of the main text.

# 2.3 Safety Instruction

These instructions are intended to ensure that user can use the product correctly to avoid danger or property loss.

# **Laws and Regulations**

• The device should be used in compliance with local laws, electrical safety regulations, and fire prevention regulations.

# **Electricity**

- In the use of the product, you must be in strict compliance with the electrical safety regulations of the nation and region.
- The equipment shall not be exposed to dripping or splashing and that no objects filled with liquids, such as vases, shall be placed on the equipment.
- Provide a surge suppressor at the inlet opening of the equipment under special conditions such as the mountain top, iron tower, and forest.
- CAUTION: To reduce the risk of fire, replace only with the same type and rating of fuse.
- The equipment must be connected to an earthed mains socket-outlet.
- An appropriate readily accessible disconnect device shall be incorporated external to the equipment.
- An appropriate overcurrent protective device shall be incorporated external to the equipment, not exceeding the specification of the building.
- An all-pole mains switch shall be incorporated in the electrical installation of the building.
- Ensure correct wiring of the terminals for connection to an AC mains supply.
- The equipment has been designed, when required, modified for connection to an IT power distribution system.

# **Battery**

- · Do not ingest battery. Chemical burn hazard!
- This product contains a coin/button cell battery. If the coin/button cell battery is swallowed, it can cause severe internal burns in just 2 hours and can lead to death.
- Keep new and used batteries away from children.
- If the battery compartment does not close securely, stop using the product and keep it away from children.
- If you think batteries might have been swallowed or placed inside any part of the body, seek immediate medical attention.
- CAUTION: Risk of explosion if the battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Dispose of used batteries according to the instructions.
- ATTENTION: IL Y A RISQUE D'EXPLOSION SI LA BATTERIE EST REMPLACÉE PAR UNE BATTERIE DE TYPE INCORRECT. METTRE AU REBUT LES BATTERIES USAGÉES CONFORMÉMENT AUX INSTRUCTIONS.
- Improper replacement of the battery with an incorrect type may defeat a safeguard (for example, in the case of some lithium battery types).
- Do not dispose of the battery into fire or a hot oven, or mechanically crush or cut the battery, which may result in an explosion.
- Do not leave the battery in an extremely high temperature surrounding environment, which may result in an explosion or the leakage of flammable liquid or gas.
- Do not subject the battery to extremely low air pressure, which may result in an explosion or the leakage of flammable liquid or gas.
- + identifies the positive terminal(s) of equipment which is used with, or generates direct current.
  - identifies the negative terminal(s) of equipment which is used with, or generates direct current.

# **Fire Prevention**

- No naked flame sources, such as lighted candles, should be placed on the equipment.
- The serial port of the equipment is used for debugging only.

#### **Hot Surface Prevention**

CAUTION: Hot parts! Burned fingers when handling the parts. Wait one-half hour after switching off before handling parts. This sticker is to indicate that the marked item can be hot and should not be touched without taking care. For device with this sticker, this device is intended for installation in a restricted access location, access can only be gained by service persons or by users who have been instructed about the reasons for the restrictions applied to the location and about any precautions that shall be taken.

#### Installation

- Install the equipment according to the instructions in this manual.
- To prevent injury, this equipment must be securely attached to the floor/wall in accordance with the installation instructions.
- Never place the equipment in an unstable location. The equipment may fall, causing serious personal injury or death.

# **Power Supply**

- The input voltage should conform to IEC60950-1 standard: SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) and the Limited Power Source. Refer to the appropriate documentation for detailed information.
- The power source should meet limited power source or PS2 requirements according to IEC 60950-1 or IEC 62368-1 standard.
- DO NOT connect multiple devices to one power adapter, to avoid over-heating or fire hazards caused by overload.
- Make sure the plug is properly connected to the power socket.

# White Light Illuminator (If supported)

- Possibly hazardous optical radiation emitted from this product.
- DO NOT stare at operating light source. May be harmful to the eyes.
- Wear appropriate eye protection or DO NOT turn on the white light when you assemble, install or maintain the camera.

# **Transportation**

Keep the device in original or similar packaging while transporting it.

# **System Security**

The installer and user are responsible for password and security configuration.

# Maintenance

- If the product does not work properly, please contact your dealer or the nearest service center.
- We shall not assume any responsibility for problems caused by unauthorized repair or maintenance.
- A few device components (e.g., electrolytic capacitor) require regular replacement. The average lifespan varies, so periodic checking is recommended. Contact your dealer for details.

# Cleaning

• Please use a soft and dry cloth when clean inside and outside surfaces of the product cover. Do not use alkaline detergents.

# **Using Environment**

- When any laser equipment is in use, make sure that the device lens is not exposed to the laser beam, or it may burn out.
- DO NOT expose the device to high electromagnetic radiation or dusty environments.
- For indoor-only device, place it in a dry and well-ventilated environment.
- DO NOT aim the lens at the sun or any other bright light.
- Make sure the running environment meets the requirement of the device. The operating temperature shall be -30 °C to 60 °C (-22 °F to 140 °F), and the operating humidity shall be 95% or less (no condensing).
- DO NOT place the camera in extremely hot, cold, dusty or damp locations, and do not expose it to high electromagnetic radiation.

# **Emergency**

If smoke, odor, or noise arises from the device, immediately turn off the power, unplug the
power cable, and contact the service center.

# **Time Synchronization**

• Set up device time manually for the first time access if the local time is not synchronized with that of the network. Visit the device via Web browse/client software and go to time settings interface.

#### Reflection

 Make sure that no reflective surface is too close to the device lens. The IR light from the device may reflect back into the lens causing reflection.

# 2.4 System Requirement

Your computer should meet the requirements for proper visiting and operating the product.

Operating System Microsoft Windows XP SP1 and above version

CPU 2.0 GHz or higher

RAM 1G or higher

Display 1024×768 resolution or higher

Web Browser For the details, see *Plug-in Installation* 

# 2.5 Live View

It introduces the live view parameters, function icons and transmission parameters settings.

# 2.5.1 Live View Parameters

The supported functions vary depending on the model.

#### **Enable and Disable Live View**

This function is used to quickly enable or disable live view of the channel.

- Click ▶ to start the live view.
- Click to stop the live view.

# **Adjust Aspect Ratio**

#### **Steps**

- 1. Click Live View.
- **2.** Click **a** to select the aspect ratio.
  - Tefers to 4:3 window size.
  - refers to 16:9 window size.
  - refers to original window size.
  - Figure 1 refers to self-adaptive window size.
  - refers to original ratio window size.

# **Live View Stream Type**

Select the live view stream type according to your needs. For the detailed information about the stream type selection, refer to **Stream Type**.

# **Select the Third-Party Plug-in**

When the live view cannot display via certain browsers, you can change the plug-in for live view according to the browser.

# Steps

- 1. Click Live View.
- 2. Click o to select the plug-in.
  - When you access the device via Internet Explorer, you can select Webcomponents or OuickTime.
  - When you access the device via the other browsers, you can select Webcomponents, QuickTime, VLC or MJPEG.

# **Window Division**

- refers to 1 × 1 window division.
- III refers to 2 × 2 window division.
- IIII refers to 3 × 3 window division.
- IIII refers to 4 × 4 window division.

# Light

Click \* to turn on or turn off the illuminator.

#### **Count Pixel**

It helps to get the height and width pixel of the selected region in the live view image.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Click 1 to enable the function.
- 2. Drag the mouse on the image to select a desired rectangle area.

The width pixel and height pixel are displayed on the bottom of the live view image.

# **Start Digital Zoom**

It helps to see a detailed information of any region in the image.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Click on to enable the digital zoom.
- 2. In live view image, drag the mouse to select the desired region.
- **3.** Click in the live view image to back to the original image.

# **Auxiliary Focus**

It is used for motorized device. It can improve the image if the device cannot focus clearly.

For the device that supports ABF, adjust the lens angle, then focus and click ABF button on the device. The device can focus clearly.

Click to focus automatically.



- If the device cannot focus with auxiliary focus, you can use **Lens Initialization**, then use auxiliary focus again to make the image clear.
- If auxiliary focus cannot help the device focus clearly, you can use manual focus.

#### Lens Initialization

Lens initialization is used on the device equipped with motorized lens. The function can reset lens when long time zoom or focus results in blurred image. This function varies according to different models.

#### **Manual Lens Initialization**

Click a to operate lens initialization.

#### **Auto Lens Initialization**

Go to Configuration → System → Maintenance → Lens Correction to enable this function. You can set the arming schedule, and the device will correct lens automatically during the configured time periods.

# **Quick Set Live View**

It offers a quick setup of PTZ, display settings, OSD, video/audio settings on live view page.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Click to show quick setup page.
- 2. Set PTZ, display settings, OSD, video/audio parameters.
  - For PTZ settings, see *Lens Parameters Adjustment* .
  - For display settings, see **Display Settings** .
  - For OSD settings, see OSD.
  - For audio and video settings, see Video and Audio .



The function is only supported by certain models.

# **Lens Parameters Adjustment**

It is used to adjust the lens focus, zoom and iris.

#### Zoom

- Click , and the lens zooms out.

#### **Focus**

- Click , then the lens focuses far and the distant object gets clear.
- Click not the lens focuses near and the nearby object gets clear.

# **PTZ Speed**

Slide —— to adjust the speed of the pan/tilt movement.

#### Iris

- When the image is too dark, click to enlarge the iris.
- When the image is too bright, click a to stop down the iris.

#### **PTZ Lock**

PTZ lock means to disable the zoom, focus and PTZ rotation functions of the corresponding channel, so that to reduce the target missing caused by PTZ adjustment.

Go to Configuration → PTZ, checkEnable PTZ Lock, and click Save.

# **Conduct 3D Positioning**

3D positioning is to relocate the selected area to the image center.

## **Steps**

- 1. Click note to enable the function.
- 2. Select a target area in live image.
  - Left click on a point on live image: the point is relocated to the center of the live image. With no zooming in or out effect.
  - Hold and drag the mouse to a lower right position to frame an area on the live: the framed area is zoomed in and relocated to the center of the live image.
  - Hold and drag the mouse to an upper left position to frame an area on the live: the framed area is zoomed out and relocated to the center of the live image.
- 3. Click the button again to turn off the function.

## 2.5.2 Set Transmission Parameters

The live view image may be displayed abnormally according to the network conditions. In different network environments, you can adjust the transmission parameters to solve the problem.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → Local.
- 2. Set the transmission parameters as required.

#### **Protocol**

#### **TCP**

TCP ensures complete delivery of streaming data and better video quality, yet the real-time transmission will be affected. It is suitable for the stable network environment.

#### **UDP**

UDP is suitable for the unstable network environment that does not demand high video fluency.

#### **MULTICAST**

MULTICAST is suitable for the situation that there are multiple clients. You should set the multicast address for them before selection.



For detailed information about multicast, refer to Multicast.

## **HTTP**

HTTP is suitable for the situation that the third-party needs to get the stream from the device.

## **Play Performance**

# **Shortest Delay**

The device takes the real-time video image as the priority over the video fluency.

#### **Balanced**

The device ensures both the real-time video image and the fluency.

#### **Fluent**

The device takes the video fluency as the priority over teal-time. In poor network environment, the device cannot ensures video fluency even the fluency is enabled.

#### Custom

You can set the frame rate manually. In poor network environment, you can reduce the frame rate to get a fluent live view. But the rule information may cannot display.

## 3. Click OK.

# 2.5.3 Set Smooth Streaming

It is a function to tackle the latency and network congestion caused by unstable network condition, and keep the live view stream on the web browser or the client software smooth.

#### **Before You Start**

Add the device to your client software and select NPQ protocol in client software before configuring the smooth streaming function.

Be sure that the **Bitrate Type** is selected as **Constant** and the **SVC** is selected as **OFF** before enabling the function. Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Video/Audio**  $\rightarrow$  **Video** to set the parameters.

# **Steps**

- 1. Go to the settings page: Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → Smooth Streaming.
- 2. Check Enable Smooth Streaming.
- 3. Select the mode for smooth streaming.

Auto	The resolution and bitrate are adjusted automatically and resolution takes the
	priority. The upper limits of these two parameters will not exceed the values
	you set on Video page. Go to Configuration → Video/Audio → Video , set the
	Resolution and Max. Bitrate before you enable smooth streaming function. In
	this mode, the frame rate will be adjusted to the maximum value

automatically.

Resolution Priority

The resolution stays the same as the set value on **Video** page, and the bitrate will be adjusted automatically. Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Video/Audio**  $\rightarrow$  **Video**, set the **Max. Bitrate** before you enable smooth streaming function. In this mode, the framerate will be adjusted to the maximum value automatically.

Frame Rate Priority The image is still smooth even under the poor network, while the image quality may be not good.

Error Correction The resolution and bitrate stay the same as the set values on **Video** page. The mode is used to correct the data error during transmission to ensure the image quality. You can set the **Error Correction Proportion** within range of 0-100.

When the proportion is 0, the data error will be corrected by data retransmission. When the proportion is higher than 0, the error data will be corrected via redundant data that is added to the stream and data retransmission. The higher the value is, the more redundant date will be generated, the more data error would be corrected, but the larger bandwidth would be required. When the proportion is 100, the redundant data will be as large as the original data, and the bandwidth is twice required.

Note

Be sure the bandwidth is sufficient in the Error Correction mode.

# 4. Save the settings.

# 2.6 Video and Audio

This part introduces the configuration of video and audio related parameters.

# 2.6.1 Video Settings

This part introduces the settings of video parameters, such as, stream type, video encoding, and resolution.

Go to setting page: Configuration → Video/Audio → Video .

# **Stream Type**

For device supports more than one stream, you can specify parameters for each stream type.

#### **Main Stream**

The stream stands for the best stream performance the device supports. It usually offers the best resolution and frame rate the device can do. But high resolution and frame rate usually means larger storage space and higher bandwidth requirements in transmission.

#### **Sub Stream**

The stream usually offers comparatively low resolution options, which consumes less bandwidth and storage space.

#### **Other Streams**

Steams other than the main stream and sub stream may also be offered for customized usage.

## **Set Custom Video**

You can set up additional video streams if required. For custom video streams, you can preview them, but cannot record or play back them.

#### **Steps**



- The function is only supported by certain camera models.
- After restoring the device (not restore to default settings), quantity of custom video streams and their names are kept, but the related parameters are restored.
- 1. Click + to add a stream.
- 2. Change the stream name as needed.

Note

Up to 32 letters and symbols (except &, <, >, ', or ") are allowed for the stream name.

- 3. Customize the stream parameters (resolution, frame rate, max. bitrate, video encoding).
- **4. Optional:** Add stream description as needed.
- **5. Optional:** If a custom stream is not needed, click **x** to delete it.
- 6. Click Save.

# **Video Type**

Select the content (video and audio) that should be contained in the stream.

#### Video

Only video content is contained in the stream.

#### Video & Audio

Video content and audio content are contained in the composite stream.

# Resolution

Select video resolution according to actual needs. Higher resolution requires higher bandwidth and storage.

# Bitrate Type and Max. Bitrate

#### **Constant Bitrate**

It means that the stream is compressed and transmitted at a comparatively fixed bitrate. The compression speed is fast, but mosaic may occur on the image.

# **Variable Bitrate**

It means that the device automatically adjust the bitrate under the set **Max. Bitrate**. The compression speed is slower than that of the constant bitrate. But it guarantees the image quality of complex scenes.

# **Video Quality**

When **Bitrate Type** is set as Variable, video quality is configurable. Select a video quality according to actual needs. Note that higher video quality requires higher bandwidth.

## **Frame Rate**

The frame rate is to describe the frequency at which the video stream is updated and it is measured by frames per second (fps).

A higher frame rate is advantageous when there is movement in the video stream, as it maintains image quality throughout. Note that higher frame rate requires higher bandwidth and larger storage space.

# **Video Encoding**

It stands for the compression standard the device adopts for video encoding.

**i**Note

Available compression standards vary according to device models.

#### H.264

H.264, also known as MPEG-4 Part 10, Advanced Video Coding, is a compression standard. Without compressing image quality, it increases compression ratio and reduces the size of video file than MJPEG or MPEG-4 Part 2.

#### H.264 +

H.264+ is an improved compression coding technology based on H.264. By enabling H.264+, you can estimate the HDD consumption by its maximum average bitrate. Compared to H.264, H.264+ reduces storage by up to 50% with the same maximum bitrate in most scenes.

When H.264+ is enabled, **Max. Average Bitrate** is configurable. The device gives a recommended max. average bitrate by default. You can adjust the parameter to a higher value if the video quality is less satisfactory. Max. average bitrate should not be higher than max. bitrate.

**i**Note

When H.264+ is enabled, Video Quality, I Frame Interval, Profile, SVC, Main Stream Smoothing and ROI are not supported.

# H.265

H.265, also known as High Efficiency Video Coding (HEVC) and MPEG-H Part 2, is a compression standard. In comparison to H.264, it offers better video compression at the same resolution, frame rate and image quality.

#### H.265 +

H.265+ is an improved compression coding technology based on H.265. By enabling H.265+, you can estimate the HDD consumption by its maximum average bitrate. Compared to H.265, H.265+ reduces storage by up to 50% with the same maximum bitrate in most scenes.

When H.265+ is enabled, **Max. Average Bitrate** is configurable. The device gives a recommended max. average bitrate by default. You can adjust the parameter to a higher value if the video quality is less satisfactory. Max. average bitrate should not be higher than max. bitrate.



When H.265+ is enabled, Video Quality, I Frame Interval, Profile and SVC are not configurable.

## I-Frame Interval

I-frame interval defines the number of frames between 2 I-frames.

In H.264 and H.265, an I-frame, or intra frame, is a self-contained frame that can be independently decoded without any reference to other images. An I-frame consumes more bits than other frames. Thus, video with more I-frames, in other words, smaller I-frame interval, generates more steady and reliable data bits while requiring more storage space.

#### **SVC**

Scalable Video Coding (SVC) is the name for the Annex G extension of the H.264 or H.265 video compression standard.

The objective of the SVC standardization has been to enable the encoding of a high-quality video bitstream that contains one or more subset bitstreams that can themselves be decoded with a complexity and reconstruction quality similar to that achieved using the existing H.264 or H.265 design with the same quantity of data as in the subset bitstream. The subset bitstream is derived by dropping packets from the larger bitstream.

SVC enables forward compatibility for older hardware: the same bitstream can be consumed by basic hardware which can only decode a low-resolution subset, while more advanced hardware will be able decode high quality video stream.

#### MPEG4

MPEG4, referring to MPEG-4 Part 2, is a video compression format developed by Moving Picture Experts Group (MPEG).

#### **MJPEG**

Motion JPEG (M-JPEG or MJPEG) is a video compression format in which intraframe coding technology is used. Images in a MJPEG format is compressed as individual JPEG images.

#### **Profile**

This function means that under the same bitrate, the more complex the profile is, the higher the quality of the image is, and the requirement for network bandwidth is also higher.

# **Smoothing**

It refers to the smoothness of the stream. The higher value of the smoothing is, the better fluency of the stream will be, though, the video quality may not be so satisfactory. The lower value of the smoothing is, the higher quality of the stream will be, though it may appear not fluent.

#### 2.6.2 ROI

ROI (Region of Interest) encoding helps to discriminate the ROI and background information in video compression. The technology assigns more encoding resource to the region of interest, thus to increase the quality of the ROI whereas the background information is less focused.

# **Set ROI**

ROI (Region of Interest) encoding helps to assign more encoding resource to the region of interest, thus to increase the quality of the ROI whereas the background information is less focused.

# **Before You Start**

Please check the video coding type. ROI is supported when the video coding type is H.264 or H. 265.

#### Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Video/Audio  $\rightarrow$  ROI.
- 2. Check Enable.
- 3. Select Stream Type.
- 4. Select Region No. in Fixed Region to draw ROI region.
  - 1) Click Draw Area.
  - 2) Click and drag the mouse on the view screen to draw the fixed region.
  - 3) Click **Stop Drawing**.

Select the fixed region that needs to be adjusted and drag the mouse to adjust its position.

5. Input the Region Name and ROI Level.

6. Click Save.

Note

The higher the ROI level is, the clearer the image of the detected region is.

**7. Optional:** Select other region No. and repeat the above steps if you need to draw multiple fixed regions.

# **Set Face Tracking ROI**

When the face tracking function is enabled in ROI and the face appears in the live picture, the image of the face is clearer than that of the surrounding area.

# **Steps**

- 1. Go to the ROI setting page: Configuration → Video/Audio → ROI.
- 2. Check Enable Face Tracking.
- 3. Select ROI Level in Dynamic Region.

Note

ROI level means the image quality enhancing level. The larger the value is, the better the image quality would be.

4. Click Save.

# **Set Target Tracking ROI**

The moving target is clearer than other areas in live image or recordings after enabling the function.

# **Before You Start**

Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  PTZ  $\rightarrow$  Smart Tracking to complete the smart tracking settings.

# Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Video/Audio  $\rightarrow$  ROI.
- 2. Check Enable Target Tracking.
- 3. Set ROI Level for target tracking. The higher the value is, the clearer the target is.
- 4. Click Save.

# **Set License Plate Tracking ROI**

When the license plate tracking ROI function is enabled and the license plate appears in the live picture, the image of the license plate is clearer than that of the surrounding area.

# Steps

- 1. Go to the ROI setting page: Configuration → Video/Audio → ROI.
- 2. Check Enable License Plate Tracking.
- 3. Select ROI Level in Dynamic Region.



ROI level means the image quality enhancing level. The larger the value is, the better the image quality would be.

4. Click Save.

# 2.6.3 Display Info. on Stream

The information of the objects (e.g. human, vehicle, etc.) is marked in the video stream. You can set rules on the connected rear-end device or client software to detect the events including line crossing, intrusion, etc.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to the setting page: Configuration → Video/Audio → Display Info. on Stream.
- 2. Check Enable Dual-VCA.
- 3. Click Save.

# 2.6.4 Audio Settings

It is a function to set audio parameters such as audio encoding, environment noise filtering.

Go to the audio settings page: Configuration → Video/Audio → Audio .

# **Audio Encoding**

Select the audio encoding compression of the audio.

# **Audio Input**



- Connect the audio input device as required.
- The audio input display varies with the device models.

LineIn	Set <b>Audio Input</b> to <b>LineIn</b> when the device connects to the audio input device with the high output power, such as MP3, synthesizer or active pickup.
MicIn	Set <b>Audio Input</b> to <b>MicIn</b> when the device connects to the audio input device with the low output power, such as microphone or passive pickup.

# **Audio Output**



Connect the audio output device as required.

It is a switch of the device audio output. When it is disabled, all the device audio cannot output. The audio output display varies with the device modes.

## **Environmental Noise Filter**

Set it as OFF or ON. When the function is enabled, the noise in the environment can be filtered to some extent.

# 2.6.5 Two-way Audio

It is used to realize the two-way audio function between the monitoring center and the target in the monitoring screen.

## **Before You Start**

- Make sure the audio input device (pick-up or microphone) and audio output device (speaker)
  connected to the device is working properly. Refer to specifications of audio input and output
  devices for device connection.
- If the device has built-in microphone and speaker, two-way audio function can be enabled directly.

- 1. Click Live View.
- 2. Click  $\S$  on the toolbar to enable two-way audio function of the camera.
- **3.** Click **\( \lambda \)** , disable the two-way audio function.

# 2.6.6 Display Settings

It offers the parameter settings to adjust image features.

Go to Configuration → Image → Display Settings .

Click **Default** to restore settings.

#### Scene Mode

There are several sets of image parameters predefined for different installation environments. Select a scene according to the actual installation environment to speed up the display settings.

# **Image Adjustment**

By adjusting the **Brightness**, **Saturation**, **Hue**, **Contrast** and **Sharpness**, the image can be best displayed.





Low Saturation

**High Saturation** 

Figure 2-1 Saturation

# **Exposure Settings**

Exposure is controlled by the combination of iris, shutter, and photo sensibility. You can adjust image effect by setting exposure parameters.

In manual mode, you need to set Exposure Time, Gain and Slow Shutter.

#### **Focus**

It offers options to adjust the focus mode.

#### **Focus Mode**

## Auto

The device focuses automatically as the scene changes. If you cannot get a well-focused image under auto mode, reduce light sources in the image and avoid flashing lights.

#### Semi-auto

The device focuses once after the PTZ and lens zooming. If the image is clear, the focus does not change when the scene changes.

#### Manual

You can adjust the focus manually on the live view page.

# **Day/Night Switch**

Day/Night Switch function can provide color images in the day mode and turn on fill light in the night mode. Switch mode is configurable.

## Day

The image is always in color.

## Night

The image is black/white or colorful and the supplement light will be enabled to ensure clear live view image at night.

**i**Note

Only certain device models support the supplement light and colorful image.

#### Auto

The camera switches between the day mode and the night mode according to the illumination automatically.

# Scheduled-Switch

Set the **Start Time** and the **End Time** to define the duration for day mode.

**i**Note

Day/Night Switch function varies according to models.

# **Grey Scale**

You can choose the range of the **Grey Scale** as [0-255] or [16-235].

#### **Rotate**

When enabled, the live view will rotate 90  $^{\circ}$  counterclockwise. For example, 1280  $\times$  720 is rotated to 720  $\times$  1280.

Enabling this function can change the effective range of monitoring in the vertical direction.

#### **Lens Distortion Correction**

For device equipped with motorized lens, image may appear distorted to some extent. Enable this function to correct the distortion.



- This function is only supported by certain device equipped with motorized lens.
- The edge of image will be lost if this function is enabled.

## **BLC**

If you focus on an object against strong backlight, the object will be too dark to be seen clearly. BLC (backlight compensation) compensates light to the object in the front to make it clear. If BLC mode is set as **Custom**, you can draw a red rectangle on the live view image as the BLC area.

#### **WDR**

The WDR (Wide Dynamic Range) function helps the camera provide clear images in environment with strong illumination differences.

When there are both very bright and very dark areas simultaneously in the field of view, you can enable the WDR function and set the level. WDR automatically balances the brightness level of the whole image and provides clear images with more details.



When WDR is enabled, some other functions may be not supported. Refer to the actual interface for details.





WDR Off WDR On

Figure 2-2 WDR

#### HLC

When the bright area of the image is over-exposed and the dark area is under-exposed, the HLC (High Light Compression) function can be enabled to weaken the bright area and brighten the dark area, so as to achieve the light balance of the overall picture.

#### **White Balance**

White balance is the white rendition function of the camera. It is used to adjust the color temperature according to the environment.



Figure 2-3 White Balance

## **DNR**

Digital Noise Reduction is used to reduce the image noise and improve the image quality. **Normal** and **Expert** modes are selectable.

## Normal

Set the DNR level to control the noise reduction degree. The higher level means stronger reduction degree.

# **Expert**

Set the DNR level for both space DNR and time DNR to control the noise reduction degree. The higher level means stronger reduction degree.

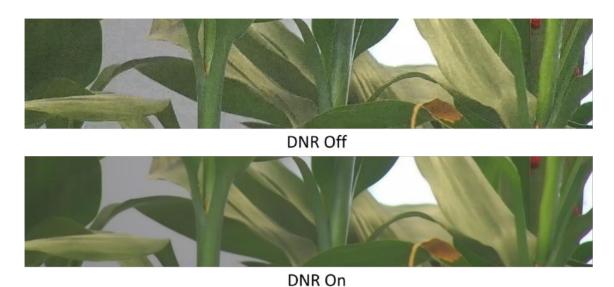


Figure 2-4 DNR

# Defog

You can enable the defog function when the environment is foggy and the image is misty. It enhances the subtle details so that the image appears clearer.



Figure 2-5 Defog

# **EIS**

Increase the stability of video image by using jitter compensation technology.

# **Mirror**

When the live view image is the reverse of the actual scene, this function helps to display the image normally.

Select the mirror mode as needed.

# **Network Camera User Manual**

Note
The video recording will be shortly interrupted when the function is enabled.

# **Image Parameters Switch**

The device automatically switches image parameters in set time periods.

Go to image parameters switch setting page: Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Image  $\rightarrow$  Image Parameters Switch, and set parameters as needed.

#### **Set Switch**

Switch the image parameters to the scene automatically in certain time periods.

## Steps

- 1. Check Enable.
- 2. Select and configure the corresponding time period and the scene.



For the scene configuration, refer to Scene Mode.

3. Click Save.

## Video Standard

Video standard is an ability of a video card or video display device that defines the amount of colors that are shown and the resolution. The two most common video standard used are NTSC and PAL. In NTSC, 30 frames are transmitted each second. Each frame is made up of 525 individual scan lines. In PAL, 25 frames are transmitted each second. Each frame is made up of 625 individual scan lines. Select video signal standard according to the video system in your country/region.

# **Local Video Output**

If the device is equipped with video output interfaces, such as BNC, CVBS, HDMI, and SDI, you can preview the live image directly by connecting the device to a monitor screen.

Select the output mode as ON/OFF to control the output.

# 2.6.7 OSD

You can customize OSD (On-screen Display) information such as device name, time/date, font, color, and text overlay displayed on video stream.

Go to OSD setting page: Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Image  $\rightarrow$  OSD Settings . Set the corresponding parameters, and click **Save** to take effect.

#### **Character Set**

Select character set for displayed information. If Korean is required to displayed on screen, select **EUC-KR**. Otherwise, select **GBK**.

# **Displayed Information**

Set camera name, date, week, and their related display format.

# **Text Overlay**

Set customized overlay text on image.

#### **OSD Parameters**

Set OSD parameters, such as **Display Mode**, **OSD Size**, **Font Color**, and **Alignment**.

# 2.6.8 Set Privacy Mask

The function blocks certain areas in the live view to protect privacy. No matter how the device moves, the blocked scene will never be seen.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to privacy mask setting page: Configuration → Image → Privacy Mask.
- 2. Check Enable Privacy Mask.
- 3. Click **Draw Area**. Drag the mouse in the live view to draw a closed area.

**Drag the corners of the area** Adjust the size of the area.

**Drag the area** Adjust the position of the area.

Click Clear All Clear all the areas you set.

- 4. Click Stop Drawing.
- 5. Click Save.

# 2.6.9 Overlay Picture

Overlay a customized picture on live view.

#### **Before You Start**

The picture to overlay has to be in BMP format with 24-bit, and the maximum picture size is 128 × 128 pixel.

- 1. Go to picture overlay setting page: Configuration → Image → Picture Overlay.
- 2. Click Browse to select a picture, and click Upload.

The picture with a red rectangle will appear in live view after successfully uploading.

- 3. Check Enable Picture Overlay.
- 4. Drag the picture to adjust its position.
- 5. Click Save.

# 2.6.10 Set Target Cropping

You can crop the image, transmit and save only the images of the target area to save transmission bandwidth and storage.

## Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration → Video/Audio → Target Cropping.
- 2. Check Enable Target Cropping and set Third Stream as the Stream Type.



After enabling target cropping, the third stream resolution cannot be configured.

3. Select a Cropping Resolution.

A red frame appears in the live view.

- 4. Drag the frame to the target area.
- 5. Click Save.



- Only certain models support target cropping and the function varies according to different camera models.
- Some functions may be disabled after enabling target cropping.

# 2.7 Video Recording and Picture Capture

This part introduces the operations of capturing video clips and snapshots, playback, and downloading captured files.

# 2.7.1 Storage Settings

This part introduces the configuration of several common storage paths.

# **Set Memory Card**

If you choose to store the files to memory card, make sure you insert and format the memory card in advance.

## **Before You Start**

Insert the memory card to the camera. For detailed installation, refer to *Quick Start Guide* of the camera.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to storage management setting page: Configuration → Storage → Storage Management → HDD Management .
- 2. Select the memory card, and click Format to start initializing the memory card.
  - The **Status** of memory card turns to **Normal** from **Uninitialized**, which means the memory card can be used normally.
- **3. Optional:** Define the **Quota** of the memory card. Input the quota percentage for different contents according to your need.
- 4. Click Save.

# **Detect Memory Card Status**

The device detects the status of Hikvision memory card. You receive notifications when your memory card is detected abnormal.

#### **Before You Start**

The configuration page only appears when a Hikvision memory card is installed to the device.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → Storage → Storage Management → Memory Card Detection .
- 2. Click Status Detection to check the Remaining Lifespan and Health Status of your memory card.

# **Remaining Lifespan**

It shows the percentage of the remaining lifespan. The lifespan of a memory card may be influenced by factors such as its capacity and the bitrate. You need to change the memory card if the remaining lifespan is not enough.

#### **Health Status**

It shows the condition of your memory card. There are three status descriptions: good, bad, and damaged. You will receive a notification if the health status is anything other than good when the **Arming Schedule** and **Linkage Method** are set.



It is recommended that you change the memory card when the health status is not "good".

- 3. Click R/W Lock to set the permission of reading and writing to the memory card.
  - Add a Lock
    - a. Select the Lock Switch as ON.
    - b. Enter the password.
    - c. Click Save
  - Unlock

- If you use the memory card on the device that locks it, unlocking will be done automatically and no unlocking procedures are required on the part of users.
- If you use the memory card (with a lock) on a different device, you can go to HDD
   Management to unlock the memory card manually. Select the memory card, and click
   Unlock. Enter the correct password to unlock it.
- Remove the Lock
  - a. Select the Lock Switch as OFF.
  - b. Enter the password in Password Settings.
  - c. Click Save.

# Note

- Only admin user can set the R/W Lock.
- The memory card can only be read and written when it is unlocked.
- If the device, which adds a lock to a memory card, is restored to the factory settings, you can go to **HDD Management** to unlock the memory card.
- **4.** Set **Arming Schedule** and **Linkage Method**. See **<u>Set Arming Schedule</u>** and **<u>Linkage Method</u> <u>Settings</u>** for details.
- 5. Click Save.

#### Set FTP

You can configure the FTP server to save images which are captured by events or a timed snapshot task.

#### **Before You Start**

Get the FTP server address first.

#### Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → FTP.
- 2. Configure FTP settings.

#### **FTP Protocol**

FTP and SFTP are selectable. The files uploading is encrypted by using SFTP protocol.

#### **Server Address and Port**

The FTP server address and corresponding port.

#### **User Name and Password**

The FTP user should have the permission to upload pictures.

If the FTP server supports picture uploading by anonymous users, you can check **Anonymous** to hide your device information during uploading.

#### **Directory Structure**

The saving path of snapshots in the FTP server.

#### **Picture Filing Interval**

For better picture management, you can set the picture filing interval from 1 day to 30 days. Pictures captured in the same time interval will be saved in one folder named after the beginning date and ending date of the time interval.

#### **Picture Name**

Set the naming rule for captured pictures. You can choose **Default** in the drop-down list to use the default rule, that is, IP address\_channel number\_capture time\_event type.jpg (e.g., 10.11.37.189\_01\_20150917094425492\_FACE\_DETECTION.jpg). Or you can customize it by adding a **Custom Prefix** to the default naming rule.

- 3. Check Upload Picture to enable uploading snapshots to the FTP server.
- 4. Check Enable Automatic Network Replenishment.



**Upload to FTP/Memory Card/NAS** in **Linkage Method** and **Enable Automatic Network Replenishment** should be both enabled simultaneously.

- 5. Click **Test** to verify the FTP server.
- 6. Click Save.

#### **Set NAS**

Take network server as network disk to store the record files, captured images, etc.

#### **Before You Start**

Get the IP address of the network disk first.

#### Steps

- 1. Go to NAS setting page: Configuration → Storage → Storage Management → Net HDD.
- 2. Click **HDD No.**. Enter the server address and file path for the disk.

## **Server Address**

The IP address of the network disk.

## **File Path**

The saving path of network disk files.

## **Mounting Type**

Select file system protocol according to the operation system.

Enter user name and password of the net HDD to guarantee the security if **SMB/CIFS** is selected.

- 3. Click **Test** to check whether the network disk is available.
- 4. Click Save.

## **eMMC Protection**

It is to automatically stop the use of eMMC as a storage media when its health status is poor.

**i**Note

The eMMC protection is only supported by certain device models with an eMMC hardware.

Go to **Configuration** → **System** → **Maintenance** → **System Service** for the settings.

eMMC, short for embedded multimedia card, is an embedded non-volatile memory system. It is able to store the captured images or videos of the device.

The device monitors the eMMC health status and turns off the eMMC when its status is poor. Otherwise, using a worn-out eMMC may lead to device boot failure.

# **Set Cloud Storage**

It helps to upload the captured pictures and data to the cloud. The platform requests picture directly from the cloud for picture and analysis. The function is only supported by certain models.

## **Steps**



If the cloud storage is enabled, the pictures are stored in the cloud video manager firstly.

- 1. Go to Configuration → Storage → Storage Management → Cloud Storage.
- 2. Check Enable Cloud Storage.
- 3. Set basic parameters.

**Protocol Version** The protocol version of the cloud video manager.

**Server IP** The IP address of the cloud video manager. It supports IPv4 address.

**Serve Port** The port of the cloud video manager. You are recommended to use the

default port.

**AccessKey** The key to log in to the cloud video manager.

**SecretKey** The key to encrypt the data stored in the cloud video manager.

**User Name and** 

**Password** 

The user name and password of the cloud video manager.

Picture Storage The ID of the picture storage region in the cloud video manager. Make

**Pool ID** sure storage pool ID and the storage region ID are the same.

- **4.** Click **Test** to test the configured settings.
- 5. Click Save.

# 2.7.2 Video Recording

This part introduces the operations of manual and scheduled recording, playback, and downloading recorded files.

# **Record Automatically**

This function can record video automatically during configured time periods.

#### **Before You Start**

Select **Trigger Recording** in event settings for each record type except **Continuous**. See **Event and Alarm** for details.

## Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration → Storage → Schedule Settings → Record Schedule.
- 2. Check Enable.
- 3. Select a record type.



The record type is vary according to different models.

#### Continuous

The video will be recorded continuously according to the schedule.

#### Motion

When motion detection is enabled and trigger recording is selected as linkage method, object movement is recorded.

#### **Alarm**

When alarm input is enabled and trigger recording is selected as linkage method, the video is recorded after receiving alarm signal from external alarm input device.

## Motion | Alarm

Video is recorded when motion is detected or alarm signal is received from the external alarm input device.

#### **Motion & Alarm**

Video is recorded only when motion is detected and alarm signal is received from the external alarm input device.

#### **Event**

The video is recorded when configured event is detected.

- **4.** Set schedule for the selected record type. Refer to **Set Arming Schedule** for the setting operation.
- **5.** Click **Advanced** to set the advanced settings.

#### Overwrite

Enable **Overwrite** to overwrite the video records when the storage space is full. Otherwise the camera cannot record new videos.

#### Pre-record

The time period you set to record before the scheduled time.

#### Post-record

The time period you set to stop recording after the scheduled time.

# **Stream Type**

Select the stream type for recording.



When you select the stream type with higher bitrate, the actual time of the pre-record and post-record may be less than the set value.

# **Recording Expiration**

The recordings are deleted when they exceed the expired time. The expired time is configurable. Note that once the recordings are deleted, they can not be recovered.

6. Click Save.

# **Record Manually**

## Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration → Local.
- 2. Set the Record File Size and saving path to for recorded files.
- 3. Click Save.
- 4. Click 📹 in the live view interface to start recording. Click 💪 to stop recording.

# **Set Lite Storage**

After the lite storage is enabled, the frame rate and bitrate of the video stream can be reduced to lengthen the storage time of the memory card when there is no moving object in the monitoring scenario.

- 1. Go to Configuration → Storage → Storage Management → Lite Storage.
- **2.** Check **Enable** and set the level. The higher the level is, the larger the frame rate and bitrate are, and the shorter the recommended storage time is.
- **3.** Set the storage time. The device automatically calculates the bitrate and offers the recommended storage time according to the memory card space and level. You are recommended to set the storage time to the device recommended time.



- If the lite storage is enabled, unformatted memory card will be formatted automatically.
- The displayed available space of the memory card is assigned by default according to
   Percentage of Record in Storage → Storage Management → Quota. You can adjust it as required.
- Only certain device models support the function.

# **Playback and Download Video**

You can search, playback and download the videos stored in the local storage or network storage.

## **Steps**

- 1. Click Playback.
- 2. Set search condition and click Search.

The matched video files showed on the timing bar.

- 3. Click ▶ to play the video files.
  - Click \* to clip video files.
  - Double click the live view image to play video files in full screen. Press **ESC** to exit full screen.



Go to **Configuration** → **Local**, click **Save clips to** to change the saving path of clipped video files.

- **4.** Click **★** on the playback interface to download files.
  - 1) Set search condition and click Search.
  - 2) Select the video files and then click **Download**.



Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Local**, click **Save downloaded files to** to change the saving path of downloaded video files.

# 2.7.3 Capture Configuration

The device can capture the pictures manually or automatically and save them in configured saving path. You can view and download the snapshots.

# **Capture Automatically**

This function can capture pictures automatically during configured time periods.

#### **Before You Start**

If event-triggered capture is required, you should configure related linkage methods in event settings. Refer to **Event and Alarm** for event settings.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → Storage → Schedule Settings → Capture → Capture Parameters .
- 2. Set the capture type.

## **Timing**

Capture a picture at the configured time interval.

## **Event-Triggered**

Capture a picture when an event is triggered.

- 3. Set the Format, Resolution, Quality, Interval, and Capture Number.
- 4. Refer to **Set Arming Schedule** for configuring schedule time.
- 5. Click Save.

# **Capture Manually**

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → Local .
- **2.** Set the **Image Format** and saving path to for snapshots.

#### **JPEG**

The picture size of this format is comparatively small, which is better for network transmission.

#### **BMP**

The picture is compressed with good quality.

- 3. Click Save.
- **4.** Click **o** near the live view or play back window to capture a picture manually.

# **Set Timing Wake**

When the device is sleeping, it will wake up at the set time interval, and capture pictures and upload them.

#### Steps



The function is only supported by certain device models.

- 1. Go to Configuration → System → System Settings → Power Consumption Mode , under Sleep Schedule, click the time schedule to set Sleep Capture Interval.
- 2. Enter Configuration → Event → Basic Event → Timing Wake .
- 3. Check Enable.
- 4. Select Capture Types.
- 5. For the linkage method settings, see Linkage Method Settings .
- 6. Click Save.

#### Result

The device will wake up at the set sleep capture interval, and capture pictures and upload them.

#### **View and Download Picture**

You can search, view and download the pictures stored in the local storage or network storage.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Click Picture.
- 2. Set search condition and click Search.

The matched pictures showed in the file list.

3. Select the pictures then click **Download** to download them.



Go to **Configuration** → **Local** , click **Save snapshots when playback** to change the saving path of pictures.

## 2.8 Event and Alarm

This part introduces the configuration of events. The device takes certain response to triggered alarm. Certain events may not be supported by certain device models.

#### 2.8.1 Basic Event

# **Set Motion Detection**

It helps to detect the moving objects in the detection region and trigger the linkage actions.

#### Stens

- 1. Go to Configuration → Event → Basic Event → Motion Detection .
- 2. Check Enable Motion Detection.
- 3. Optional: Highlight to display the moving object in the image in green.
  - 1) Check Enable Dynamic Analysis for Motion.
  - 2) Go to Configuration → Local .
  - 3) Set Rules to Enable.
- **4.** Select **Configuration Mode**, and set rule region and rule parameters.
  - For the information about normal mode, see **Normal Mode** .
  - For the information about expert mode, see **Expert Mode** .
- 5. Set the arming schedule and linkage methods. For the information about arming schedule settings, see <u>Set Arming Schedule</u>. For the information about linkage methods, see <u>Linkage</u> <u>Method Settings</u>.

#### 6. Click Save.

# **Expert Mode**

You can configure different motion detection parameters for day and night according to the actual needs.

# **Steps**

- 1. Select Expert Mode in Configuration.
- 2. Set parameters of expert mode.

# **Scheduled Image Settings**

#### **OFF**

Image switch is disabled.

#### **Auto-Switch**

The system switches day/night mode automatically according to environment. It displays colored image at day and black and white image at night.

# **Scheduled-Switch**

The system switches day/night mode according to the schedule. It switches to day mode during the set periods and switches to night mode during the other periods.

# Sensitivity

The higher the value of sensitivity is, the more sensitive the motion detection is. If scheduled image settings is enabled, the sensitivity of day and night can be set separately.

**3.** Select an **Area** and click **Draw Area**. Click and drag the mouse on the live image and then release the mouse to finish drawing one area.



Figure 2-6 Set Rules

**Stop Drawing** Finish drawing one area.

**Clear All** Delete all the areas.

4. Click Save.

**5. Optional:** Repeat above steps to set multiple areas.

# **Normal Mode**

You can set motion detection parameters according to the device default parameters.

## **Steps**

- 1. Select normal mode in Configuration.
- **2.** Set the sensitivity of normal mode. The higher the value of sensitivity is, the more sensitive the motion detection is. If the sensitivity is set to **0**, motion detection and dynamic analysis do not take effect.
- **3.** Set **Detection Target**. Human and vehicle are available. If the detection target is not selected, all the detected targets will be reported, including the human and vehicle.
- **4.** Click **Draw Area**. Click and drag the mouse on the live video, and then release the mouse to finish drawing one area.

**Stop Drawing** Stop drawing one area.

**Clear All** Clear all the areas.

**5. Optional:** You can set the parameters of multiple areas by repeating the above steps.

# **Set Video Tampering Alarm**

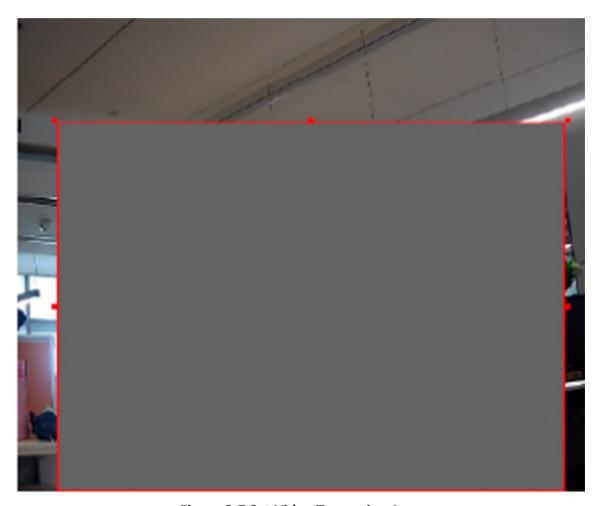
When the configured area is covered and cannot be monitored normally, the alarm is triggered and the device takes certain alarm response actions.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → Event → Basic Event → Video Tampering.
- 2. Check Enable.
- 3. Set the Sensitivity. The higher the value is, the easier to detect the area covering.
- **4.** Click **Draw Area** and drag the mouse in the live view to draw the area.

**Stop Drawing** Finish drawing.

**Clear All** Delete all the drawn areas.



**Figure 2-7 Set Video Tampering Area** 

- **5.** Refer to <u>Set Arming Schedule</u> for setting scheduled time. Refer to <u>Linkage Method Settings</u> for setting linkage method.
- 6. Click Save.

## **Set PIR Alarm**

A PIR (Passive Infrared) alarm is triggered when an intruder moves within the detector's field of view. The heat energy dissipated by a person, or any other warm blooded creature such as dogs, cats, etc., can be detected.

#### **Steps**



Only certain models support PIR alarm.

- 1. Go to Configuration → Advanced Configuration → Basic Event → PIR Alarm.
- 2. Check Enable PIR Alarm.
- **3.** Refer to <u>Set Arming Schedule</u> for setting scheduled time. Refer to <u>Linkage Method Settings</u> for setting linkage method.
- 4. Click Save.

# **Set Exception Alarm**

Exception such as network disconnection can trigger the device to take corresponding action.

# Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration → Event → Basic Event → Exception .
- 2. Select Exception Type.

HDD Full The HDD storage is full.HDD Error Error occurs in HDD.Network Disconnected The device is offline.

**IP Address Conflicted** The IP address of current device is same as that of other device in

the network.

Illegal Login Incorrect user name or password is entered.

- 3. Refer to Linkage Method Settings for setting linkage method.
- 4. Click Save.

# **Set Alarm Input**

Alarm signal from the external device triggers the corresponding actions of the current device.

#### **Before You Start**

Make sure the external alarm device is connected. See *Quick Start Guide* for cable connection.

#### **Steps**

1. Go to Configuration → Event → Basic Event → Alarm Input.

- 2. Check Enable Alarm Input Handling.
- 3. Select Alarm Input NO. and Alarm Type from the dropdown list. Edit the Alarm Name.
- Refer to <u>Set Arming Schedule</u> for setting scheduled time. Refer to <u>Linkage Method Settings</u> for setting linkage method.
- **5.** Click **Copy to...** to copy the settings to other alarm input channels.
- 6. Click Save.

# **Set Video Quality Diagnosis**

When the video quality of the device is abnormal and the alarm linkage is set, the alarm will be triggered automatically.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → Event → Basic Event → Video Quality Diagnosis.
- 2. Select Diagnosis Type.
- 3. Set the corresponding parameters.

#### **Alarm Detection Interval**

The time interval to detect the exception.

# Sensitivity

The higher the value is, the more easily the exception will be detected, and the higher possibility of misinformation would be.

## **Alarm Delay Times**

The device uploads the alarm when the alarm reaches the set number of times.

- 4. Check Enable, and the selected diagnosis type will be detected.
- 5. Set arming schedule. See **Set Arming Schedule**.
- 6. Set linkage method. See Linkage Method Settings.
- 7. Click Save.

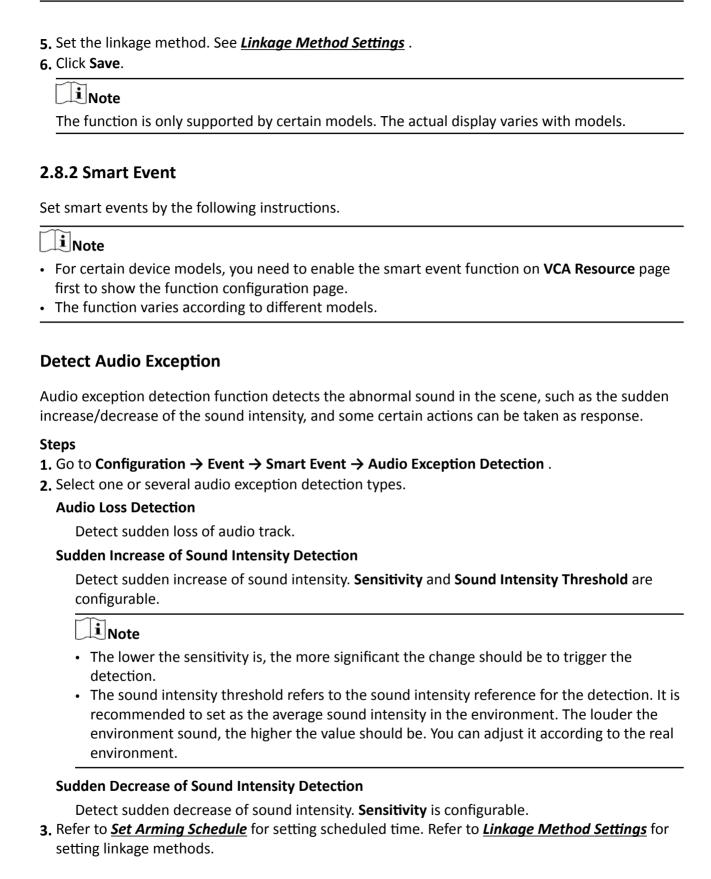


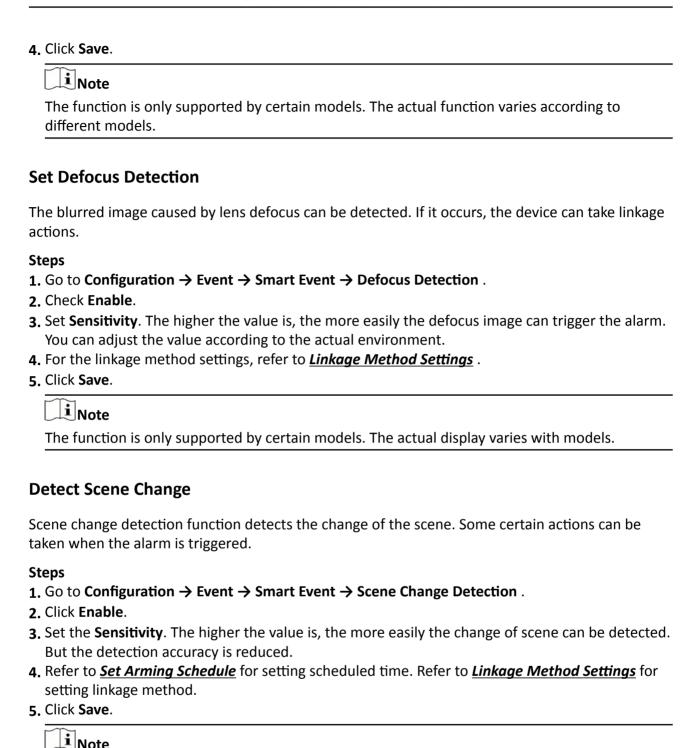
The function is only supported by certain models. The actual display varies with models.

# **Set Vibration Detection**

It is used to detect whether the device is vibrating. The device reports an alarm and triggers linkage actions if the function is enabled.

- 1. Go to Configuration → Event → Basic Event → Vibration Detection .
- 2. Check Enable.
- 3. Drag the slider to set the detection sensitivity. You can also enter number to set the sensitivity.
- 4. Set the arming schedule. See Set Arming Schedule.





The function varies according to different models.

#### **Set Face Detection**

It helps to detect the face in the detection region. If a face is detected, the device triggers the linkage actions.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → Event → Smart Event → Face Detection .
- 2. Check Enable Face Detection.
- **3. Optional:** Highlight to display the face in the image.
  - 1) Check Enable Dynamic Analysis For Face Detection.
  - 2) Go to Configuration → Local , set Rules to Enable.
- **4.** Set **Sensitivity**. The lower the sensitivity is, the profile of the face or unclear face is more difficult to detect.
- 5. Set the arming schedule and linkage methods. For the information about arming schedule settings, see <u>Set Arming Schedule</u>. For the information about linkage methods, see <u>Linkage</u> <u>Method Settings</u>.
- 6. Click Save.

## **Set Video Loss**

This function can detect the video signal loss in time and trigger the linkage action.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Event  $\rightarrow$  Basic Event  $\rightarrow$  Video Loss.
- 2. Check Enable.
- **3.** Refer to <u>Set Arming Schedule</u> for setting scheduled time. Refer to <u>Linkage Method Settings</u> for setting linkage method.
- 4. Click Save.

## **Set Intrusion Detection**

It is used to detect objects entering and loitering in a predefined virtual region. If it occurs, the device can take linkage actions.

# **Before You Start**

- Go to VCA → VCA Resource , and select Smart Event.
- For the device supporting HEOP, go to VCA → APP to import and enable Smart Event.

#### Stens

- 1. Go to VCA → Smart Event → Intrusion Detection .
- 2. Check Enable.
- 3. Select a Region. For the detection region settings, refer to **Draw Area** .

- **4.** Set the minimum size and the maximum size for the target to improve detection accuracy. Only targets whose size are between the maximum size and the minimum size trigger the detection. For the detail settings, refer to **Set Size Filter** .
- 5. Set rules.

## Sensitivity

Sensitivity stands for the percentage of the body part of an acceptable target that enters the predefined region. Sensitivity =  $100 - S1/ST \times 100$ . S1 stands for the target body part that goes across the predefined region. ST stands for the complete target body. The higher the value of sensitivity is, the more easily the alarm can be triggered.

#### **Threshold**

Threshold stands for the threshold for the time of the object loitering in the region. If the time that one object stays exceeds the threshold, the alarm is triggered. The larger the value of the threshold is, the longer the alarm triggering time is.

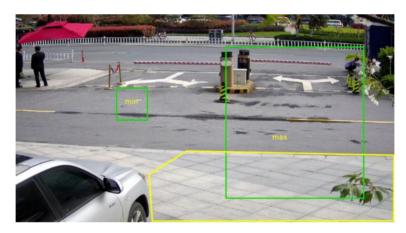


Figure 2-8 Set Rule

- **6. Optional:** You can set the parameters of multiple areas by repeating the above steps.
- **7.** For the arming schedule settings, refer to <u>Set Arming Schedule</u>. For the linkage method settings, refer to <u>Linkage Method Settings</u>.
- 8. Click Save.

## **Set Line Crossing Detection**

It is used to detect objects crossing a predefined virtual line. If it occurs, the device can take linkage actions.

# **Before You Start**

- Go to VCA → VCA Resource , and select Smart Event.
- For the device supporting HEOP, go to VCA → APP to import and enable Smart Event.

## **Steps**

1. Go to VCA → Smart Event → Line Crossing Detection .

- 2. Check Enable.
- 3. Select one Line and set the size filter. For the size filter settings, refer to Set Size Filter.
- **4.** Click **Draw Area** and a line with an arrow appears in the live video. Drag the line to the location on the live video as desired.
- 5. Set rules.

#### Direction

It stands for the direction from which the object goes across the line.

A<->B: The object going across the line from both directions can be detected and alarms are triggered.

A->B: Only the object crossing the configured line from the A side to the B side can be detected.

B->A: Only the object crossing the configured line from the B side to the A side can be detected.

## Sensitivity

It stands for the percentage of the body part of an acceptable target that goes across the predefined line. Sensitivity =  $100 - S1/ST \times 100$ . S1 stands for the target body part that goes across the pre-defined line. ST stands for the complete target body. The higher the value of sensitivity is, the more easily the alarm can be triggered.

## **Detection Target**

Human and vehicle are available. If the detection target is not selected, all the detected targets will be reported, including the human and vehicle.

## **Target Validity**

If you set a higher validity, the required target features should be more obvious, and the alarm accuracy would be higher. The target with less obvious features would be missing.

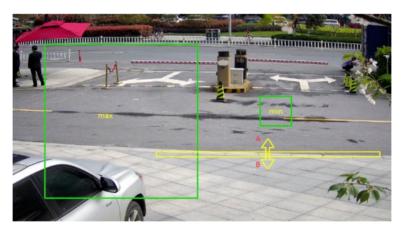


Figure 2-9 Set Rule

- **6. Optional:** You can set the parameters of multiple areas by repeating the above steps.
- **7.** For the arming schedule settings, refer to <u>Set Arming Schedule</u>. For the linkage method settings, refer to *Linkage Method Settings*.

#### 8. Click Save.

# **Set Region Entrance Detection**

It is used to detect objects entering a predefined virtual region from the outside place. If it occurs, the device can take linkage actions.

#### **Before You Start**

- Go to VCA → VCA Resource , and select Smart Event.
- For the device supporting HEOP, go to VCA -> APP to import and enable Smart Event.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to VCA → Smart Event → Region Entrance Detection .
- 2. Check Enable.
- 3. Select a Region. For the detection region settings, refer to Draw Area.
- **4.** Set the minimum size and the maximum size for the target to improve detection accuracy. Only targets whose size are between the maximum size and the minimum size trigger the detection. For the detail settings, refer to **Set Size Filter**.
- **5.** Set the detection target, sensitivity and the target validity.

# Sensitivity

It stands for the percentage of the body part of an acceptable target that goes across the predefined region. Sensitivity =  $100 - S1/ST \times 100$ . S1 stands for the target body part that goes across the predefined region. ST stands for the complete target body. The higher the value of sensitivity is, the more easily the alarm can be triggered.

#### **Detection Target**

Human and vehicle are available. If the detection target is not selected, all the detected targets will be reported, including the human and vehicle.

#### **Target Validity**

If you set a higher validity, the required target features should be more obvious, and the alarm accuracy would be higher. The target with less obvious features would be missing.

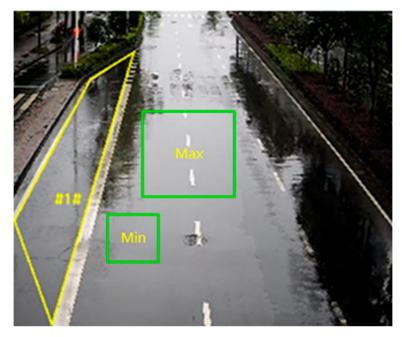


Figure 2-10 Set Rule

- 6. Optional: You can set the parameters of multiple areas by repeating the above steps.
- **7.** For the arming schedule settings, refer to <u>Set Arming Schedule</u>. For the linkage method settings, refer to <u>Linkage Method Settings</u>.
- 8. Click Save.

# **Set Region Exiting Detection**

It is used to detect objects exiting from a predefined virtual region. If it occurs, the device can take linkage actions.

#### **Before You Start**

- Go to VCA → VCA Resource , and select Smart Event.
- For the device supporting HEOP, go to VCA → APP to import and enable Smart Event.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to VCA → Smart Event → Region Exiting Detection
- 2. Check Enable.
- **3.** Select a **Region**. For the detection region settings, refer to **<u>Draw Area</u>**.
- **4.** Set the minimum size and the maximum size for the target to improve detection accuracy. Only targets whose size are between the maximum size and the minimum size trigger the detection. For the detail settings, refer to **Set Size Filter**.
- **5.** Set the detection target, sensitivity and the target validity.

#### Sensitivity

It stands for the percentage of the body part of an acceptable target that goes across the predefined region. Sensitivity =  $100 - S1/ST \times 100$ . S1 stands for the target body part that goes across the predefined region. ST stands for the complete target body. The higher the value of sensitivity is, the more easily the alarm can be triggered.

## **Detection Target**

Human and vehicle are available. If the detection target is not selected, all the detected targets will be reported, including the human and vehicle.

## **Target Validity**

If you set a higher validity, the required target features should be more obvious, and the alarm accuracy would be higher. The target with less obvious features would be missing.

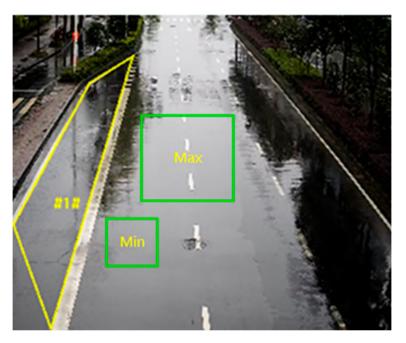


Figure 2-11 Set Rule

- **6. Optional:** You can set the parameters of multiple areas by repeating the above steps.
- **7.** For the arming schedule settings, refer to <u>Set Arming Schedule</u>. For the linkage method settings, refer to *Linkage Method Settings*.
- 8. Click Save.

# **Set Unattended Baggage Detection**

It is used to detect the objects left over in the pre-defined region. Linkage methods can be triggered after the object is left and stays in the region for a set time period.

- 1. Go to Configuration → Event → Smart Event → Unattended Baggage Detection .
- 2. Check Enable.

- 3. Select one Region. For the detection region settings, refer to Draw Area.
- 4. Set rules.

Sensitivity

Sensitivity stands for the percentage of the body part of an acceptable target that enters the pre-defined region. Sensitivity =  $100 - S1/ST \times 100$ . S1 stands for the target body part that goes across the pre-defined region. ST stands for the complete target body. The higher the value of sensitivity is, the more easily the alarm can be triggered.

**Threshold** 

It stands for the time of the objects left in the region. Alarm is triggered after the object is left and stays in the region for the set time period.

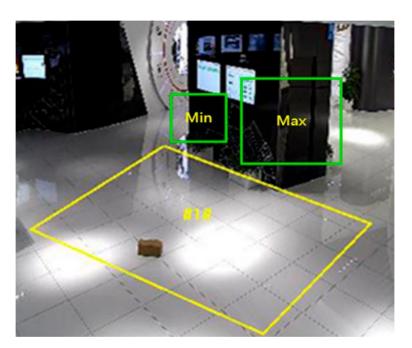


Figure 2-12 Set Rule

- **5. Optional:** You can set the parameters of multiple areas by repeating the above steps.
- **6.** For the arming schedule settings, refer to **<u>Set Arming Schedule</u>**. For the linkage method settings, refer to **<u>Linkage Method Settings</u>**.
- 7. Click Save.

# **Set Object Removal Detection**

It detects whether the objects are removed from the pre-defined detection region, such as the exhibits on display. If it occurs, the device can take linkage actions and the staff can take measures to reduce property loss.

- 1. Go to Configuration → Event → Smart Event → Object Removal Detection .
- 2. Check Enable.

- 3. Select a Region. For the region settings, see Draw Area.
- 4. Set the rule.

#### Sensitivity

It stands for the percentage of the body part of an acceptable target that leaves the pre-defined region.

Sensitivity = 100 - S1/ST\*100

S1 stands for the target body part that leaves the pre-defined region. ST stands for the complete target body.

Example: If you set the value as 60, a target is possible to be counted as a removed object only when 40 percent body part of the target leaves the region.

**Threshold** 

The threshold for the time of the objects removed from the region. If you set the value as 10, alarm is triggered after the object disappears from the region for 10s.

- **5. Optional:** Repeat the above steps to set more regions.
- **6.** For the arming schedule settings, see <u>Set Arming Schedule</u>. For the linkage method settings, see <u>Linkage Method Settings</u>.
- 7. Click Save.

Note

The function is only supported by certain models. The actual display varies with the models.

#### **Draw Area**

This section introduces the configuration of area.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Click Detection Area.
- **2.** Click on the live view to draw the boundaries of the detection region, and right click to complete drawing.
- 3. Click Save.

Note

- Click Clear to clear the selected area.
- Click Clear All to clear all pre-defined areas.

#### **Set Size Filter**

This part introduces the setting of size filter. Only the target whose size is between the minimum value and maximum value is detected and triggers alarm.

## Steps

1. Click Max. Size, and drag the mouse in the live view to draw the maximum target size.

- 2. Click Min. Size, and drag the mouse in the live view to draw the minimum target size.
- 3. Click Save.

# 2.9 Network Settings

# 2.9.1 TCP/IP

TCP/IP settings must be properly configured before you operate the device over network. IPv4 and IPv6 are both supported. Both versions can be configured simultaneously without conflicting to each other.

Go to Configuration → Network → Basic Settings → TCP/IP for parameter settings.

# **NIC Type**

Select a NIC (Network Interface Card) type according to your network condition.

#### IPv4

Two IPv4 modes are available.

#### **DHCP**

The device automatically gets the IPv4 parameters from the network if you check **DHCP**. The device IP address is changed after enabling the function. You can use SADP to get the device IP address.



The network that the device is connected to should support DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol).

## Manual

You can set the device IPv4 parameters manually. Input IPv4 Address, IPv4 Subnet Mask, and IPv4 Default Gateway, and click Test to see if the IP address is available.

#### IPv6

Three IPv6 modes are available.

## **Route Advertisement**

The IPv6 address is generated by combining the route advertisement and the device Mac address.



Route advertisement mode requires the support from the router that the device is connected to.

## **DHCP**

The IPv6 address is assigned by the server, router, or gateway.

#### Manual

Input IPv6 Address, IPv6 Subnet, IPv6 Default Gateway. Consult the network administrator for required information.

#### **MTU**

It stands for maximum transmission unit. It is the size of the largest protocol data unit that can be communicated in a single network layer transaction.

The valid value range of MTU is 1280 to 1500.

#### **DNS**

It stands for domain name server. It is required if you need to visit the device with domain name. And it is also required for some applications (e.g., sending email). Set **Preferred DNS Server** and **Alternate DNS server** properly if needed.

# **Dynamic Domain Name**

Check **Enable Dynamic Domain Name** and input **Register Domain Name**. The device is registered under the register domain name for easier management within the local area network.



**DHCP** should be enabled for the dynamic domain name to take effect.

# Multicast

Multicast is group communication where data transmission is addressed to a group of destination devices simultaneously.

Go to **Configuration** → **Network** → **Basic Settings** → **Multicast** for the multicast settings.

#### **IP Address**

It stands for the address of multicast host.

## **Stream Type**

The stream type as the multicast source.

#### Video Port

The video port of the selected stream.

#### **Audio Port**

The audio port of the selected stream.

# **Multicast Discovery**

Check the **Enable Multicast Discovery**, and then the online network camera can be automatically detected by client software via private multicast protocol in the LAN.

#### 2.9.2 SNMP

You can set the SNMP network management protocol to get the alarm event and exception messages in network transmission.

#### **Before You Start**

Before setting the SNMP, you should download the SNMP software and manage to receive the device information via SNMP port.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to the settings page: Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → SNMP.
- 2. Check Enable SNMPv1, Enable SNMP v2c or Enable SNMPv3.



The SNMP version you select should be the same as that of the SNMP software.

And you also need to use the different version according to the security level required. SNMP v1 is not secure and SNMP v2 requires password for access. And SNMP v3 provides encryption and if you use the third version, HTTPS protocol must be enabled.

- 3. Configure the SNMP settings.
- 4. Click Save.

#### **2.9.3 Set SRTP**

The Secure Real-time Transport Protocol (SRTP) is a Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP) internet protocol, intended to provide encryption, message authentication and integrity, and replay attack protection to the RTP data in both unicast and multicast applications.

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Advanced Settings  $\rightarrow$  SRTP.
- 2. Select Server Certificate.
- 3. Select Encrypted Algorithm.
- 4. Click Save.



- Only certain device models support this function.
- If the function is abnormal, check if the selected certificate is abnormal in certificate management.

## 2.9.4 Port Mapping

By setting port mapping, you can access devices through the specified port.

#### **Before You Start**

When the ports in the device are the same as those of other devices in the network, refer to <u>Port</u> to modify the device ports.

#### **Steps**

- **1.** Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Basic Settings  $\rightarrow$  NAT .
- 2. Select the port mapping mode.

Auto Port Mapping Refer to <u>Set Auto Port Mapping</u> for detailed information.

Manual Port Mapping Refer to <u>Set Manual Port Mapping</u> for detailed information.

3. Click Save.

## **Set Auto Port Mapping**

#### Steps

- 1. Check Enable UPnP™, and choose a friendly name for the camera, or you can use the default name.
- **2.** Select the port mapping mode to **Auto**.
- 3. Click Save.

**i**Note

UPnP™ function on the router should be enabled at the same time.

## **Set Manual Port Mapping**

#### Steps

- 1. Check Enable UPnP™, and choose a friendly name for the device, or you can use the default name.
- **2.** Select the port mapping mode to **Manual**, and set the external port to be the same as the internal port.
- 3. Click Save.

#### What to do next

Go to the router port mapping settings interface and set the port number and IP address to be the same as those on the device. For more information, refer to the router user manual.

## **Set Port Mapping on Router**

The following settings are for a certain router. The settings vary depending on different models of routers.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Select the WAN Connection Type.
- 2. Set the IP Address, Subnet Mask and other network parameters of the router.
- 3. Go to Forwarding → Virtual Severs , and input the Port Number and IP Address.
- 4. Click Save.

#### **Example**

When the cameras are connected to the same router, you can configure the ports of a camera as 80, 8000, and 554 with IP address 192.168.1.23, and the ports of another camera as 81, 8001, 555, 8201 with IP 192.168.1.24.

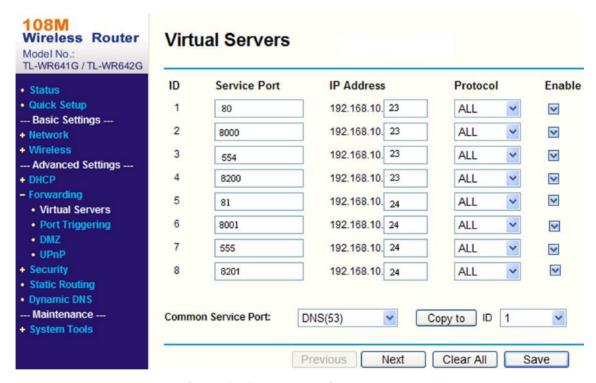


Figure 2-13 Port Mapping on Router

Note

The port of the network camera cannot conflict with other ports. For example, some web management port of the router is 80. Change the camera port if it is the same as the management port.

#### 2.9.5 Port

The device port can be modified when the device cannot access the network due to port conflicts.



Do not modify the default port parameters at will, otherwise the device may be inaccessible.

Go to **Configuration** → **Network** → **Basic Settings** → **Port** for port settings.

#### **HTTP Port**

It refers to the port through which the browser accesses the device. For example, when the **HTTP Port** is modified to 81, you need to enter *http://192.168.1.64:81* in the browser for login.

#### **HTTPS Port**

It refers to the port through which the browser accesses the device with certificate. Certificate verification is required to ensure the secure access.

#### **RTSP Port**

It refers to the port of real-time streaming protocol.

#### **SRTP Port**

It refers to the port of secure real-time transport protocol.

#### **Server Port**

It refers to the port through which the client adds the device.

#### **Enhanced SDK Service Port**

It refers to the port through which the client adds the device. Certificate verification is required to ensure the secure access.

#### WebSocket Port

TCP-based full-duplex communication protocol port for plug-in free preview.

#### WebSockets Port

TCP-based full-duplex communication protocol port for plug-in free preview. Certificate verification is required to ensure the secure access.

# Note

- Enhanced SDK Service Port, WebSocket Port, and WebSockets Port are only supported by certain models.
- For device models that support that function, go to Configuration → Network → Advanced
   Settings → Network Service to enable it.

#### 2.9.6 Access to Device via Domain Name

You can use the Dynamic DNS (DDNS) for network access. The dynamic IP address of the device can be mapped to a domain name resolution server to realize the network access via domain name.

#### **Before You Start**

Registration on the DDNS server is required before configuring the DDNS settings of the device.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Refer to **TCP/IP** to set DNS parameters.
- 2. Go to the DDNS settings page: Configuration → Network → Basic Settings → DDNS.
- 3. Check Enable DDNS and select DDNS type.

#### **DynDNS**

Dynamic DNS server is used for domain name resolution.

#### NO-IP

NO-IP server is used for domain name resolution.

- 4. Input the domain name information, and click Save.
- **5.** Check the device ports and complete port mapping. Refer to <u>Port</u> to check the device port , and refer to <u>Port Mapping</u> for port mapping settings.
- 6. Access the device.

**By Browsers** Enter the domain name in the browser address bar to access the device.

By Client Software Add domain name to the client software. Refer to the client manual for

specific adding methods.

#### 2.9.7 Access to Device via PPPoE Dial Up Connection

This device supports the PPPoE auto dial-up function. The device gets a public IP address by ADSL dial-up after the device is connected to a modem. You need to configure the PPPoE parameters of the device.

#### Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Basic Settings  $\rightarrow$  PPPoE.
- 2. Check Enable PPPoE.
- 3. Set the PPPoE parameters.

#### **Dynamic IP**

After successful dial-up, the dynamic IP address of the WAN is displayed.

#### **User Name**

User name for dial-up network access.

#### **Password**

Password for dial-up network access.

#### Confirm

Input your dial-up password again.

- 4. Click Save.
- 5. Access the device.

**By Browsers** Enter the WAN dynamic IP address in the browser address bar to access

the device.

By Client Software Add the WAN dynamic IP address to the client software. Refer to the

client manual for details.

Note

The obtained IP address is dynamically assigned via PPPoE, so the IP address always changes after rebooting the camera. To solve the inconvenience of the dynamic IP, you need to get a domain name from the DDNS provider (e.g. DynDns.com). Refer to <u>Access to Device via Domain</u> *Name* for detail information.

#### 2.9.8 Wireless Dial

Data of audio, video and image can be transferred via 3G/4G wireless network.

i Note

The function is only supported by certain device models.

#### **Set Wireless Dial**

The built-in wireless module offers dial-up access to the Internet for the device.

#### **Before You Start**

Get a SIM card, and activate 3G/4G services. Insert the SIM card to the corresponding slot.

#### Stens

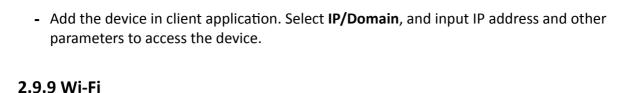
- 1. Go to Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → Wireless Dial.
- 2. Check to enable the function.
- 3. Click **Dial Parameters** to configure and save the parameters.
- 4. Click Dial Plan. See <u>Set Arming Schedule</u> for detailed information.
- **5. Optional:** Set **Allowlist**. See for detailed information.
- 6. Click Dial Status.

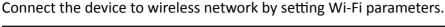
**Click Refresh** Refresh the dial status.

**Click Disconnect** Disconnect the 3G/4G wireless network.

When the **Dial Status** turns to **Connected**, it means a successful dial.

- 7. Access the device via the IP Address of the computer in the network.
  - Input the IP address in the browser to access the device.







This function is only supported by certain device models.

#### Connect Device to Wi-Fi

#### **Before You Start**

Refer to the user manual of wireless router or AP to set SSID, key, and other parameters.

## **Steps**

- **1.** Go to TCP/IP settings page: Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Basic Configuration  $\rightarrow$  TCP/IP.
- 2. Select Wlan to set the parameters. Refer to TCP/IP for detailed configuration.



For stable use of Wi-Fi, it is not recommended to use DHCP.

- 3. Go to Wi-Fi settings page: Configuration → Network → Advanced Configuration → Wi-Fi.
- **4.** Set and save the parameters.
  - 1) Click Search.
  - 2) Select a SSID, which should be the same as that of wireless router or AP.

The parameters of the network is automatically shown in Wi-Fi.

- 3) Select the **Network Mode** as **Manage**.
- 4) Input the key to connect the wireless network. The key should be that of the wireless network connection you set on the router.

#### What to do next

Go to TCP/IP settings page: Configuration → Network → Basic Configuration → TCP/IP, and click Wlan to check the IPv4 Address and log in the device.

#### 2.9.10 Set Network Service

You can control the ON/OFF status of certain protocol as desired.

#### **Steps**



This function varies according to different models.

- 1. Go to Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → Network Service .
- 2. Set network service.

#### WebSocket & WebSockets

WebSocket or WebSockets protocol should be enabled if you use Google Chrome 57 and its above version or Mozilla Firefox 52 and its above version to visit the device. Otherwise, live view, image capture, digital zoom, etc. cannot be used.

If the device uses HTTP, enable WebSocket.

If the device uses HTTPS, enable WebSockets.

When you use WebSockets, select the Server Certificate.



Complete certificate management before selecting server certificate. Refer to *Certificate Management* for detailed information.

#### **SDK Service & Enhanced SDK Service**

Check Enable SDK Service to add the device to the client software with SDK protocol.

Check **Enable Enhanced SDK Service** to add the device to the client software with SDK over TLS protocol.

When you use Enhanced SDK Service, select the **Server Certificate**.



- Complete certificate management before selecting server certificate. Refer to <u>Certificate</u>
   <u>Management</u> for detailed information.
- When set up connection between the device and the client software, it is recommended to use Enhanced SDK Service and set the communication in Arming Mode to encrypt the data transmission. See the user manual of the client software for the arming mode settings.

#### TLS (Transport Layer Security)

The device offers TLS1.1, TLS1.2 and TLS1.3. Enable one or more protocol versions according to your need.

#### **Bonjour**

Uncheck to disable the protocol.

3. Click Save.

## 2.9.11 Set Open Network Video Interface

If you need to access the device through Open Network Video Interface protocol, you can configure the user settings to enhance the network security.

#### Steps

1. Go to Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → Integration Protocol .

- 2. Check Enable Open Network Video Interface.
- 3. Click Add to configure the Open Network Video Interface user.

**Delete** Delete the selected Open Network Video Interface user.

**Modify** Modify the selected Open Network Video Interface user.

- 4. Click Save.
- 5. Optional: Repeat the steps above to add more Open Network Video Interface users.

#### 2.9.12 Set ISUP

When the device is registered on ISUP platform (formerly called Ehome), you can visit and manage the device, transmit data, and forward alarm information over public network.

#### Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → Platform Access .
- 2. Select ISUP as the platform access mode.
- 3. Select Enable.
- **4.** Select a protocol version and input related parameters.
- 5. Click Save.

Register status turns to **Online** when the function is correctly set.

#### 2.9.13 Set Alarm Server

The device can send alarms to destination IP address or host name through HTTP, HTTPS, or ISUP protocol. The destination IP address or host name should support HTTP, HTTP, or ISUP data transmission.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → Alarm Server.
- 2. Enter Destination IP or Host Name, URL, and Port.
- 3. Optional: Check Enable to enable ANR.
- 4. Select Protocol.



HTTP, HTTPS, and ISUP are selectable. It is recommended to use HTTPS, as it encrypts the data transmission during communication.

- 5. Click **Test** to check if the IP or host is available.
- 6. Click Save.

## 2.10 Arming Schedule and Alarm Linkage

Arming schedule is a customized time period in which the device performs certain tasks. Alarm linkage is the response to the detected certain incident or target during the scheduled time.

## 2.10.1 Set Arming Schedule

Set the valid time of the device tasks.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Click Arming Schedule.
- 2. Drag the time bar to draw desired valid time.



Up to 8 periods can be configured for one day.

- 3. Adjust the time period.
  - Click on the selected time period, and enter the desired value. Click **Save**.
  - Click on the selected time period. Drag the both ends to adjust the time period.
  - Click on the selected time period, and drag it on the time bar.
- **4. Optional:** Click **Copy to...** to copy the same settings to other days.
- 5. Click Save.

## 2.10.2 Linkage Method Settings

You can enable the linkage functions when an event or alarm occurs.

## **Trigger Alarm Output**

If the device has been connected to an alarm output device, and the alarm output No. has been configured, the device sends alarm information to the connected alarm output device when an alarm is triggered.

## **Steps**



This function is only supported by certain models.

- 1. Go to Configuration → Event → Basic Event → Alarm Output.
- 2. Set alarm output parameters.

Automatic Alarm For the information about the configuration, see <u>Automatic Alarm</u>.

Manual Alarm For the information about the configuration, see <u>Manual Alarm</u>.

#### 3. Click Save.

#### **Manual Alarm**

You can trigger an alarm output manually.

#### **Steps**

1. Set the manual alarm parameters.

#### Alarm Output No.

Select the alarm output No. according to the alarm interface connected to the external alarm device.

#### **Alarm Name**

Edit a name for the alarm output.

#### Delay

Select Manual.

- 2. Click Manual Alarm to enable manual alarm output.
- 3. Optional: Click Clear Alarm to disable manual alarm output.

#### **Automatic Alarm**

Set the automatic alarm parameters, then the device triggers an alarm output automatically in the set arming schedule.

#### **Steps**

1. Set automatic alarm parameters.

#### **Alarm Output No.**

Select the alarm output No. according to the alarm interface connected to the external alarm device.

#### **Alarm Name**

Custom a name for the alarm output.

#### Delay

It refers to the time duration that the alarm output remains after an alarm occurs.

- 2. Set the alarming schedule. For the information about the settings, see **Set Arming Schedule**.
- 3. Click Copy to... to copy the parameters to other alarm output channels.
- 4. Click Save.

## FTP/NAS/Memory Card Uploading

If you have enabled and configured the FTP/NAS/memory card uploading, the device sends the alarm information to the FTP server, network attached storage and memory card when an alarm is triggered.

Refer to **Set FTP** to set the FTP server.

Refer to **Set NAS** for NAS configuration.

Refer to **Set Memory Card** for memory card storage configuration.

#### **Send Email**

Check **Send Email**, and the device sends an email to the designated addresses with alarm information when an alarm event is detected.

For email settings, refer to Set Email.

#### **Set Email**

When the email is configured and **Send Email** is enabled as a linkage method, the device sends an email notification to all designated receivers if an alarm event is detected.

#### **Before You Start**

Set the DNS server before using the Email function. Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Network**  $\rightarrow$  **Basic Settings**  $\rightarrow$  **TCP/IP** for DNS settings.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to email settings page: Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → Email .
- 2. Set email parameters.
  - 1) Input the sender's email information, including the **Sender's Address**, **SMTP Server**, and **SMTP Port**.
  - 2) **Optional:** If your email server requires authentication, check **Authentication** and input your user name and password to log in to the server.
  - 3) Set the E-mail Encryption.
    - When you select SSL or TLS, and disable STARTTLS, emails are sent after encrypted by SSL or TLS. The SMTP port should be set as 465.
    - When you select **SSL** or **TLS** and **Enable STARTTLS**, emails are sent after encrypted by STARTTLS, and the SMTP port should be set as 25.

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1	Note

If you want to use STARTTLS, make sure that the protocol is supported by your email server. If you check the **Enable STARTTLS** while the protocol is not supported by your email sever, your email is sent with no encryption.

- 4) **Optional:** If you want to receive notification with alarm pictures, check **Attached Image**. The notification email has 3 attached alarm pictures about the event with configurable image capturing interval.
- 5) Input the receiver's information, including the receiver's name and address.
- 6) Click **Test** to see if the function is well configured.
- 3. Click Save.

## **Notify Surveillance Center**

Check **Notify Surveillance Center**, the alarm information is uploaded to the surveillance center when an alarm event is detected.

## **Trigger Recording**

Check **Trigger Recording**, and the device records the video about the detected alarm event.

For recording settings, refer to  $\underline{\textit{Video Recording and Picture Capture}}$  .

## **Flashing Light**

After enabling **Flashing Light** and setting the **Flashing Light Alarm Output**, the light flashes when an alarm event is detected.

## **Set Flashing Alarm Light Output**

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → Event → Basic Event → Flashing Alarm Light Output.
- 2. Set Flashing Duration, Flashing Frequency and Brightness.

#### **Flashing Duration**

The time period the flashing lasts when one alarm happens.

## **Flashing Frequency**

The flashing speed of the light. High, Medium, and Low are selectable.

## **Brightness**

The brightness of the light.

- 3. Edit the arming schedule.
- 4. Click Save.

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	1	Note
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Only certain camera models support the function.

## **Audible Warning**

After enabling **Audible Warning** and setting **Audible Alarm Output**, the built-in speaker of the device or connected external speaker plays warning sounds when an alarm happens.

For audible alarm output settings, refer to **Set Audible Alarm Output**.



The function is only supported by certain camera models.

## **Set Audible Alarm Output**

When the device detects targets in the detection area, audible alarm can be triggered as a warning.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → Event → Basic Event → Audible Alarm Output.
- 2. Select Sound Type and set related parameters.
  - Select **Prompt** and set the alarm times you need.
  - Select **Warning** and its contents. Set the alarm times you need.
  - Select **Custom Audio**. You can select a custom audio file from the drop-down list. If no file is available, you can click **Add** to upload an audio file that meets the requirement. Up to three audio files can be uploaded.
- **3. Optional:** Click **Test** to play the selected audio file on the device.
- 4. Set arming schedule for audible alarm. See Set Arming Schedule for details.
- 5. Click Save.

Note

The function is only supported by certain device models.

## 2.11 System and Security

It introduces system maintenance, system settings and security management, and explains how to configure relevant parameters.

#### 2.11.1 View Device Information

You can view device information, such as Device No., Model, Serial No. and Firmware Version.

Enter Configuration → System → System Settings → Basic Information to view the device information.

## 2.11.2 Search and Manage Log

Log helps locate and troubleshoot problems.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Maintenance  $\rightarrow$  Log.
- 2. Set search conditions Major Type, Minor Type, Start Time, and End Time.
- 3. Click Search.

The matched log files will be displayed on the log list.

4. Optional: Click Export to save the log files in your computer.

## 2.11.3 Simultaneous Login

The administrator can set the maximum number of users logging into the system through web browser simultaneously.

Go to Configuration → System → User Management , click General and set Simultaneous Login.

## 2.11.4 Import and Export Configuration File

It helps speed up batch configuration on other devices with the same parameters.

Enter Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Maintenance  $\rightarrow$  Upgrade & Maintenance . Choose device parameters that need to be imported or exported and follow the instructions on the interface to import or export configuration file.

## 2.11.5 Export Diagnose Information

Diagnose information includes running log, system information, hardware information.

Go to Configuration → System → Maintenance → Upgrade & Maintenance , and click Diagnose Information to export diagnose information of the device.

#### 2.11.6 Reboot

You can reboot the device via browser.

Go to Configuration → System → Maintenance → Upgrade & Maintenance , and click Reboot.

#### 2.11.7 Restore and Default

Restore and Default helps restore the device parameters to the default settings.

#### **Steps**

1. Go to Configuration → System → Maintenance → Upgrade & Maintenance.

2. Click Restore or Default according to your needs.

**Restore** Reset device parameters, except user information, IP parameters and video format

to the default settings.

**Default** Reset all the parameters to the factory default.

Note

Be careful when using this function. After resetting to the factory default, all the parameters are reset to the default settings.

## 2.11.8 Upgrade

#### **Before You Start**

You need to obtain the correct upgrade package.



DO NOT disconnect power during the process, and the device reboots automatically after upgrade.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → System → Maintenance → Upgrade & Maintenance.
- 2. Choose one method to upgrade.

**Firmware** Locate the exact path of the upgrade file.

**Firmware Directory** Locate the directory which the upgrade file belongs to.

- 3. Click Browse to select the upgrade file.
- 4. Click Upgrade.

## 2.11.9 Device Auto Maintenance

#### **Steps**

- 1. Check Enable Auto Maintenance.
- 2. Read the prompt information and click OK.
- 3. Select the date and time you want to restart the device.
- 4. Click Save.

**i**Note

This function is only available for Administrator.



After enabling auto maintenance, the device will automatically restart according to the maintenance plan. The device cannot record video during the restarting process.

## 2.11.10 View Open Source Software License

Go to Configuration → System → System Settings → About Device, and click View Licenses.

## 2.11.11 Wiegand

Note

This function is only supported by certain camera models.

Check **Enable** and select the protocol. The default protocol is SHA-1 26bit.

If enabled, the recognized license plate number will be output via the selected Wiegand protocol.

#### 2.11.12 Metadata

Metadata is the raw data that the camera collects before algorithm processing. It provide the option to users to explore various data usages.

**i**Note

The function is only supported by certain device models.

Go to **Configuration** → **System** → **Metadata Settings** to enable metadata uploading of the desired function.

#### **Smart Event**

The metadata of the smart event includes the target ID, target coordinate, time, etc.

## 2.11.13 Time and Date

You can configure time and date of the device by configuring time zone, time synchronization and Daylight Saving Time (DST).

## **Synchronize Time Manually**

#### Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration → System → System Settings → Time Settings.
- 2. Select Time Zone.

- 3. Click Manual Time Sync..
- 4. Choose one time synchronization method.
  - Select **Set Time**, and manually input or select date and time from the pop-up calendar.
  - Check **Sync. with computer time** to synchronize the time of the device with that of the local PC.
- 5. Click Save.

#### **Set NTP Server**

You can use NTP server when accurate and reliable time source is required.

#### **Before You Start**

Set up a NTP server or obtain NTP server information.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → System → System Settings → Time Settings.
- 2. Select Time Zone.
- 3. Click NTP.
- 4. Set Server Address, NTP Port and Interval.



Server Address is NTP server IP address.

- 5. Click **Test** to test server connection.
- 6. Click Save.

## **Synchronize Time by Satellite**



This function varies depending on different devices.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Enter Configuration → System → System Settings → Time Settings.
- 2. Select Satellite Time Sync..
- 3. Set Interval.
- 4. Click Save.

#### **Set DST**

If the region where the device is located adopts Daylight Saving Time (DST), you can set this function.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  System Settings  $\rightarrow$  DST.
- 2. Check Enable DST.
- 3. Select Start Time, End Time and DST Bias.
- 4. Click Save.

#### 2.11.14 Set RS-485

RS-485 is used to connect the device to external device. You can use RS-485 to transmit the data between the device and the computer or terminal when the communication distance is too long.

#### **Before You Start**

Connect the device and computer or terminal with RS-485 cable.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  System Settings  $\rightarrow$  RS-485.
- 2. Set the RS-485 parameters.



You should keep the parameters of the device and the computer or terminal all the same.

3. Click Save.

#### 2.11.15 Set RS-232

RS-232 can be used to debug device or access peripheral device. RS-232 can realize communication between the device and computer or terminal when the communication distance is short.

#### **Before You Start**

Connect the device to computer or terminal with RS-232 cable.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  System Settings  $\rightarrow$  RS-232.
- 2. Set RS-232 parameters to match the device with computer or terminal.
- 3. Click Save.

## 2.11.16 Power Consumption Mode

It is used to switch the power consumption when the device is working.



The function is only supported by certain camera models.

Go to **Configuration** → **Proactive Mode** → **Power Consumption Mode** , select the desired power consumption mode.

#### **Performance Mode**

The device works with all the functions enabled.

#### **Proactive Mode**

The device DSP works normally. It records the videos with the main stream at the half frame rate, and supports the remote login, preview and the configuration.

#### **Low Power Sleep**

When the device power is lower than **Threshold of Low Power Sleep Mode**, the device enters sleep mode.

When the device power is recovered to 10% above the threshold, the device enters the user configuration mode.

#### **Scheduled Sleep**

If the device is during **Scheduled Sleep Time**, it enters the sleep mode, otherwise it enters the user configuration mode.



For the scheduled sleep schedule settings, see **Set Arming Schedule**.

The device supports the timing wake. For the details, see **Set Timing Wake**.

#### 2.11.17 External Device

For the device supporting external devices, including the supplement light, wiper on the housing, the LED light, and heater, you can control them via the Web browser when it is used with the housing. External devices vary with models.

## **Supplement Light Settings**

You can set supplement light and refer to the actual device for relevant parameters.

#### **Smart Supplement Light**

Smart supplement light avoids over exposure when the supplement light is on.

#### **Supplement Light Mode**

When the device supports supplement light, you can select supplement light mode.

#### IR Mode

IR light is enabled.

#### White Light Mode

White light is enabled.

#### Mix Mode

Both IR light and white light are enabled.

#### Off

Supplement light is disabled.

#### **Brightness Adjustment Mode**

#### Auto

The brightness adjusts according to the actual environment automatically.

#### Manual

You can drag the slider or set value to adjust the brightness.

#### Heater

You can enable heater to remove fog around the lens of the device.

Go to **Configuration** → **System** → **System Settings** → **External Device** and select the mode as required.

## **2.11.18 Security**

You can improve system security by setting security parameters.

#### **Authentication**

You can improve network access security by setting RTSP and WEB authentication.

Go to **Configuration** → **System** → **Security** → **Authentication** to choose authentication protocol and method according to your needs.

## **RTSP Authentication**

Digest and digest/basic are supported, which means authentication information is needed when RTSP request is sent to the device. If you select **digest/basic**, it means the device supports digest or basic authentication. If you select **digest**, the device only supports digest authentication.

#### **RTSP Digest Algorithm**

MD5, SHA256 and MD5/SHA256 encrypted algorithm in RTSP authentication. If you enable the digest algorithm except for MD5, the third-party platform might not be able to log in to the device or enable live view because of compatibility. The encrypted algorithm with high strength is recommended.

#### **WEB Authentication**

Digest and digest/basic are supported, which means authentication information is needed when WEB request is sent to the device. If you select **digest/basic**, it means the device supports digest or basic authentication. If you select **digest**, the device only supports digest authentication.

#### **WEB Digest Algorithm**

MD5, SHA256 and MD5/SHA256 encrypted algorithm in WEB authentication. If you enable the digest algorithm except for MD5, the third-party platform might not be able to log in to the device or enable live view because of compatibility. The encrypted algorithm with high strength is recommended.



Refer to the specific content of protocol to view authentication requirements.

#### **Set IP Address Filter**

IP address filter is a tool for access control. You can enable the IP address filter to allow or forbid the visits from the certain IP addresses.

IP address refers to IPv4.

#### Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration → System → Security → IP Address Filter.
- 2. Check Enable IP Address Filter.
- 3. Select the type of IP address filter.

**Forbidden** IP addresses in the list cannot access the device.

**Allowed** Only IP addresses in the list can access the device.

4. Edit the IP address filter list.

**Add** Add a new IP address or IP address range to the list.

**Modify** Modify the selected IP address or IP address range in the list.

**Delete** Delete the selected IP address or IP address range in the list.

5. Click Save.

#### **Set HTTPS**

HTTPS is a network protocol that enables encrypted transmission and identity authentication, which improves the security of remote access.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → HTTPS.
- 2. Check Enable to access the camera via HTTP or HTTPS protocol.
- 3. Check Enable HTTPS Browsing to access the camera only via HTTPS protocol.
- 4. Select the Server Certificate.
- 5. Click Save.



If the function is abnormal, check if the selected certificate is abnormal in **Certificate Management**.

#### **Set QoS**

QoS (Quality of Service) can help improve the network delay and network congestion by setting the priority of data sending.



QoS needs support from network device such as router and switch.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → Network → Advanced Configuration → QoS.
- 2. Set Video/Audio DSCP, Alarm DSCP and Management DSCP.

Note

Network can identify the priority of data transmission. The bigger the DSCP value is, the higher the priority is. You need to set the same value in router while configuration.

3. Click Save.

#### **Set IEEE 802.1X**

IEEE 802.1x is a port-based network access control. It enhances the security level of the LAN/WLAN. When devices connect to the network with IEEE 802.1x standard, the authentication is needed.

Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Advanced Settings  $\rightarrow$  802.1X , and enable the function.

Set Protocol and EAPOL Version according to router information.

#### **Protocol**

EAP-LEAP, EAP-TLS, and EAP-MD5 are selectable

## **EAP-LEAP and EAP-MD5**

If you use EAP-LEAP or EAP-MD5, the authentication server must be configured. Register a user name and password for 802.1X in the server in advance. Input the user name and password for authentication.

#### **EAP-TLS**

If you use EAP-TLS, input Identify, Private Key Password, and upload CA Certificate, User Certificate and Private Key.

#### **EAPOL Version**

The EAPOL version must be identical with that of the router or the switch.

## **Control Timeout Settings**

If this function is enabled, you will be logged out when you make no operation (not including viewing live image) to the device via web browser within the set timeout period.

Go to **Configuration** → **System** → **Security** → **Advanced Security** to complete settings.

## **Search Security Audit Logs**

You can search and analyze the security log files of the device so as to find out the illegal intrusion and troubleshoot the security events.

#### **Steps**



This function is only supported by certain camera models.

- 1. Go to Configuration → System → Maintenance → Security Audit Log.
- 2. Select log types, Start Time, and End Time.
- 3. Click Search.

The log files that match the search conditions will be displayed on the Log List.

**4. Optional:** Click **Export** to save the log files to your computer.

## **Security Reinforcement**

Security reinforce is a solution to enhance network security. With the function enabled, risky functions, protocols, ports of the device are disabled and more secured alternative functions, protocols and ports are enabled.

Go to Configuration → System → Security → Advanced Security . Check Security Reinforcement, and click Save.

#### **SSH**

Secure Shell (SSH) is a cryptographic network protocol for operating network services over an unsecured network.

Go to Configuration  $\Rightarrow$  System  $\Rightarrow$  Security  $\Rightarrow$  Security Service , and check Enable SSH.

The SSH function is disabled by default.



Use the function with caution. The security risk of device internal information leakage exists when the function is enabled.

## 2.11.19 Certificate Management

It helps to manage the server/client certificates and CA certificate, and to send an alarm if the certificates are close to expiry date, or are expired/abnormal.



The function is only supported by certain device models.

## **Create Self-signed Certificate**

#### **Steps**

- 1. Click Create Self-signed Certificate.
- 2. Follow the prompt to enter **Certificate ID**, **Country/Region**, **Hostname/IP**, **Validity** and other parameters.



The certificate ID should be digits or letters and be no more than 64 characters.

- 3. Click OK.
- **4. Optional:** Click **Export** to export the certificate, or click **Delete** to delete the certificate to recreate a certificate, or click **Certificate Properties** to view the certificate details.

## **Create Certificate Request**

#### **Before You Start**

Select a self-signed certificate.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Click Create Certificate Request.
- 2. Enter the related information.
- 3. Click OK.

## **Import Certificate**

#### **Steps**

- 1. Click Import.
- 2. Click Create Certificate Request.
- 3. Enter the Certificate ID.
- **4.** Click **Browser** to select the desired server/client certificate.
- **5.** Select the desired import method and enter the required information.
- 6. Click OK.

**7. Optional:** Click **Export** to export the certificate, or click **Delete** to delete the certificate to recreate a certificate, or click **Certificate Properties** to view the certificate details.

Note

- Up to 16 certificates are allowed.
- If certain functions are using the certificate, it cannot be deleted.
- You can view the functions that are using the certificate in the functions column.
- You cannot create a certificate that has the same ID with that of the existing certificate and import a certificate that has the same content with that of the existing certificate.

## **Install Server/Client Certificate**

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → System → Security → Certificate Management .
- Click Create Self-signed Certificate, Create Certificate Request and Import to install server/client certificate.

Create self-signed certificate Refer to Create Self-signed Certificate

Create certificate request Refer to Create Certificate Request

**Import Certificate** Refer to **Import Certificate** 

#### **Install CA Certificate**

#### **Steps**

- 1. Click Import.
- 2. Enter the Certificate ID.
- **3.** Click **Browser** to select the desired server/client certificate.
- 4. Select the desired import method and enter the required information.
- 5. Click OK.

Up to 16 certificates are allowed.

## **Enable Certificate Expiration Alarm**

#### **Steps**

- **1.** Check **Enable Certificate Expiration Alarm**. If enabled, you will receive an email or the camera links to the surveillance center that the certificate will expire soon, or is expired or abnormal.
- 2. Set the Remind Me Before Expiration (day), Alarm Frequency (day) and Detection Time (hour).



- If you set the reminding day before expiration to 1, then the camera will remind you the day before the expiration day. 1 to 30 days are available. Seven days is the default reminding days.
- If you set the reminding day before expiration to 1, and the detection time to 10:00, and the certificate will expire in 9:00 the next day, the camera will remind you in 10:00 the first day.
- 3. Click Save.

#### 2.11.20 User and Account

#### **Set User Account and Permission**

The administrator can add, modify, or delete other accounts, and grant different permission to different user levels.



To increase security of using the device on the network, please change the password of your account regularly. Changing the password every 3 months is recommended. If the device is used in high-risk environment, it is recommended that the password should be changed every month or week.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → System → User Management → User Management .
- 2. Click Add. Enter User Name, select Level, and enter Password. Assign remote permission to users based on needs.

#### **Administrator**

The administrator has the authority to all operations and can add users and operators and assign permission.

#### User

Users can be assigned permission of viewing live video, setting PTZ parameters, and changing their own passwords, but no permission for other operations.

#### Operator

Operators can be assigned all permission except for operations on the administrator and creating accounts.

**Modify** Select a user and click **Modify** to change the password and permission.

**Delete** Select a user and click **Delete**.

**i**Note

The administrator can add up to 31 user accounts.

#### 3. Click OK.

## **Simultaneous Login**

The administrator can set the maximum number of users logging into the system through web browser simultaneously.

Go to Configuration → System → User Management, click General and set Simultaneous Login.

#### **Online Users**

The information of users logging into the device is shown.

Go to **Configuration** → **System** → **User Management** → **Online Users** to view the list of online users.

#### 2.12 VCA Resource

VCA resource is a collection of smart functions supported by the device.

#### 2.12.1 Allocate VCA Resource

VCA resource offers you options to enable certain VCA functions according to actual needs. It helps allocate more resources to the desired functions.

#### Steps

- 1. Go to VCA → VCA Resource .
- 2. Select desired VCA functions.
- 3. Save the settings.



Certain VCA functions are mutually exclusive. When a certain function or functions are selected and saved, others will be hidden.

#### 2.12.2 Set Open Platform

HEOP (Hikvision Embedded Open Platform) allows you to install the application for the third-party to develop and run its function and service. For the device supporting HEOP, you can follow the steps to import and run smart applications.

## Steps

1. Go to  $VCA \rightarrow APP$ .

# **i**Note

Before installing the application, make sure that the application you want to install fit the following conditions.

- Each application has its own exclusive name.
- The FLASH memory space that the application takes up is less than the available FLASH memory space of the device.
- The memory and computing power of the application is less than that available memory and computing power of the device.
- 2. In Apps, click Import Application.
- 3. Click **Browse** to select an application package.
- 4. Click Import to import the package. You can click the APP to view relevant details.
- 5. Optional: Set application.

Click	Enable or disable the application.
Click ×	Delete the application.
Click Download Logs	Export log.
Click <b>Update</b>	Browse a local path and import an application package to update the application.



Figure 2-14 Set VCA Resource

#### 2.12.3 Road Traffic

Vehicle Detection and Mixed-traffic Detection are available for the road traffic monitoring. The device captures the passing motor vehicle, non-motor vehicle, and pedestrian and uploads the relevant information together with the captured picture.

## **i**Note

- For certain device models, you need to select **Road Traffic** on **VCA Resource** page first.
- This function is only supported by certain device models.

#### **Set Vehicle Detection**

The vehicles that enter the set lane can be detected and the picture of the vehicle and its license plate can be captured and stored. Alarms will be triggered and captures can be uploaded.

#### **Before You Start**

Go to VCA → VCA Resources, and select Road Traffic.

#### Steps

- 1. Go to VCA → Road Traffic → Detection Configuration , and select Vehicle Detection as detection type.
- 2. Check Enable.
- 3. Select the total number of lanes.
- **4.** Click and drag the lane line to set its position, or click and drag the line end to adjust the length and angle of the line.
- **5.** Adjust the zoom ratio of the camera so that the size of the vehicle in the image is close to that of the red frame. Only the position of red frame is adjustable.



Only 1 license plate can be captured at one time for each lane.

- 6. Select Region and Country/Region.
- **7.** Select the license plate information upload mode.
  - **Entrance/Exit** The license plate information of the detected vehicle will be uploaded when the vehicle passes the detection area and triggers the detection in entrance/

exit.

**City Street** The license plate information of the detected vehicle will be uploaded when

the vehicle passes the detection area and triggers the detection in city

streets.

**Alarm Input** It means the input alarm will trigger a license plate capture and recognition

action.



- When Alarm Input is selected, the alarm input A<-1 will automatically be assigned to trigger vehicle detection and its alarm type is always NO.
- If the A<-1 alarm input is used to trigger vehicle detection, it can not be used for other basic events.
- When Alarm Input is selected and saved, previously configured linkage method for A<-1 will be canceled.
- 8. Select the **Detection mode**.
- **9.** Check **Remove Duplicated License Plates** ans set the **Time Interval**. The default time interval is 4 minutes.

Note

Up to 8 license plates are supported.

- **10.** Set arming schedule and linkage method. For the arming schedule settings, refer to **<u>Set Arming</u> <u>Schedule</u>**. For the linkage method settings, refer to **<u>Linkage Method Settings</u>**.
- 11. Click Save.

#### Set Mixed-Traffic Detection Rule

The motor vehicles and non-motor vehicles that enter the set lane can be detected, and the picture of targets can be captured and stored. Alarms will be triggered and captures can be uploaded.

#### **Before You Start**

Go to VCA → VCA Resources, and select Road Traffic.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to VCA → Road Traffic → Detection Configuration , and select Mixed-traffic Detection as detection type.
- 2. Check Enable.
- 3. Select the total number of lanes.
- **4.** Click and drag the lane line to set its position, or click and drag the line end to adjust the length and angle of the line.
- **5.** Adjust the zoom ratio of the camera so that the size of the vehicle in the image is close to that of the red frame. Only the position of red frame is adjustable.

Note

Only 1 license plate can be captured at one time for each lane.

- 6. Select Region and Country/Region.
- Check Remove Duplicated License Plates and set Time Interval. The default time interval is 4 minutes.

**i** Note

Up to 8 license plates are supported.

- **8.** Set arming schedule and linkage method. For the arming schedule settings, refer to **Set Arming Schedule**. For the linkage method settings, refer to **Linkage Method Settings**.
- 9. Click Save.

## **Uploading Pictures Settings**

You can set the image parameters of the captured images in vehicle detection and mixed-traffic detection.

Go to VCA → Road Traffic → Picture .

#### **Picture Quality**

The larger the value is, the clearer the picture is, but larger storage space is also required.

#### **Picture Size**

The larger the value is, the larger the storage space is needed. And the level of network transmission requirement is also higher.

#### License Plate Enhancement

The larger the value is, the clearer the license plate is, but larger storage space is also required. Check **License Plate Enhancement** and set the level. The default level is 50.



Only certain device models support this function.

#### **Overlay**

You can overlay camera, device or vehicle information on the captured image and click ↑ ↓ to adjust the order of overlay texts.

## **Camera Settings**

You can set the parameters of each camera for better management.

Go to **Configuration** → **Road Traffic** → **Camera** to set relevant parameters and click **Save**.

## **Import or Export Blocklist & Allowlist**

You can import and export the blocklist and allowlist as desired, and check the list content in this interface.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Click Browse to open the PC local directory.
- 2. Find the blocklist & allowlist file and click to select it. Click Open to confirm.

**i**Note

- The file to import should corresponds with the file template that is required by the camera.
   You are recommended to export an empty blocklist & allowlist file from the camera as the template and fill in the content.
- The file should be in the .xls format and the cell format should be Text.
- 3. Click Import to import the selected file.
- **4.** Click **Export** to open the PC local directory.
- 5. Select a directory in your PC local directory.
- 6. Name the file in the file name text filed.
- 7. Click Save.

#### 2.12.4 Face Capture

The device can capture the face that appears in the configured area, and the face information will be uploaded with the captured picture as well.

**i**Note

Face capture is only supported by certain models.

## **Set Face Capture**

The face that appears in the configured area can be captured.

#### **Before You Start**

To enable the function, go to VCA  $\rightarrow$  VCA Resource and select Face Capture. For the device supporting HEOP, go to VCA  $\rightarrow$  APP to import and enable Face Capture.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to VCA → Face Capture .
- 2. For shield region settings, refer to Set Shield Region .
- 3. Select Rule and check Rule to enable the rule.
- **4.** Input the min. pupil distance in the text field, or click to draw the min. pupil distance.

#### Min. Pupil Distance

The min. pupil distance refers to the minimum area between two pupils, and it is basic for the device to recognize a face.

- **5.** Input the max. pupil distance in the text field, or click  $\Box$  to draw the max. pupil distance.
- **6.** Click to draw the detection area you want the face capture to take effect. Draw area by left-clicking end-points in the live view window, and right-clicking to finish the area drawing. It is recommended that the drawn area occupies 1/2 to 2/3 of the live view image.
- **7.** For the arming schedule settings, refer to <u>Set Arming Schedule</u>. For the linkage method settings, refer to <u>Linkage Method Settings</u>.
- 8. Click Save.
- **9.** For overlay and capture settings, refer to <u>Overlay and Capture</u>. For advanced parameters settings, refer to <u>Face Capture Algorithms Parameters</u>.

#### Result

You can view and download captured face images in **Picture**. Refer to **View and Download Picture** for details.

#### **Overlay and Capture**

Choose to configure capture parameters and the information you want to display on stream and picture.

#### Display VCA info. on Stream

Display smart information on stream, including the target and rules information.

#### **Display Target info. on Alarm Picture**

Overlay the alarm picture with target information.

#### **Target Picture Settings**

Custom, Head Shot, Half-Body Shot and Full-Body Shot are selectable.

Note

If you select **Custom**, you can customize width, head height and body height as required.

You can check **Fixed Value** to set the picture height.

## **Background Picture Settings**

Comparing to target picture, background picture is the scene image offers extra environmental information. You can set the background picture quality and resolution. If the background image need to be uploaded to surveillance center, check **Background Upload**.

#### **People Counting Overlay**

Select flow overlay type.

Select the daily reset time. Click Manual Reset if you want to reset right now.

#### Camera

You can set **Device No.** and **Camera Info.** for the camera, which can be overlaid on captured picture.

### **Text Overlay**

You can check desired items and adjust their order to display on captured pictures by  $\checkmark \land$ . The content of **Device No.** and **Camera Info** should be on the same page.

## **Face Capture Algorithms Parameters**

It is used to set and optimize the parameters of the algorithm library for face capture.

Go to Configuration → Face Capture → Advanced Configuration → Parameters .

#### **Face Capture Version**

It lists the version of the algorithms library.

#### **Detection Parameters**

## **Generation Speed**

The speed to identify a target. The higher the value, the faster the target will be recognized. Setting the value quite low, and if there was a face in the configured area from the start, this

face will not be captured. It can reduce the misinformation of the faces in the wall painting or posters. The default value of 3 is recommended.

#### Sensitivity

The sensitivity to identify a target. The higher the value is, the easier a face will be recognized, and the higher possibility of misinformation would be. The default value of 3 is recommended.

## **Capture Parameters**

#### **Best Shot**

The best shot after target leave the detection area.

## **Capture Times**

It refers to the capture times a face will be captured during its stay in the configured area. The default value is 1.

#### **Capture Threshold**

It stands for the quality of face to trigger capture and alarm. Higher value means better quality should be met to trigger capture and alarm.

#### **Quick Shot**

You can define quick shot threshold and max. capture interval.

#### **Quick Shot Threshold**

It stands for the quality of face to trigger quick shot.

#### **Face Exposure**

Check the checkbox to enable the face exposure.

### **Reference Brightness**

The reference brightness of a face in the face exposure mode. If a face is detected, the camera adjusts the face brightness according to the value you set. The higher the value, the brighter the face is.

#### **Minimum Duration**

The minimum duration of the camera exposures the face.



If the face exposure is enabled, please make sure the WDR function is disabled, and the manual iris is selected.

#### **Face Filtering Time**

It means the time interval between the camera detecting a face and taking a capture action. If the detected face stays in the scene for less than the set filtering time, capture will not be triggered. For example, if the face filtering time is set as 5 seconds, the camera will capture the detected face when the face keeps staying in the scene for 5 seconds.



The face filtering time (longer than 0s) may increase the possibility of the actual capture times less than the set value above.

#### **Restore Default**

Click **Restore** to restore all the settings in advanced configuration to the factory default.

## **Set Shield Region**

The shield region allows you to set the specific region in which the set smart function rule is invalid.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Select Shield Region.
- **2.** Click to draw shield area. Repeat this step above to set more shield regions.
- **3. Optional:** Click **X** to delete the drawn areas.
- 4. Click Save.

## 2.13 Smart Display

This function displays real time pictures captured by smart functions and analyzes the target in real time.



The function is only supported when certain smart functions are enabled.

## **Live View Parameter**

Icon	Function
<b>o</b>	Capture a picture.
<b>o</b>	Start or stop recording.
	Adjust the volume of live view. Move the slider to right to turn up the volume and left to turn down the volume. Move to the left end to mute the live view.

## **Download Display Pictures**

Click and the device stores captured pictures to the browser cache. Hover the pointer over the icon to see the number of pictures in the cache. Click again to download the pictures in a package.



The browser cache has a limited size. The recommended number of pictures to download is no more than 200.

## Layout

Click and choose **Layout**. Check the display content you need to add it to the smart display page. When real-time analyze is selected, you can choose the contents you want to display.

#### **Detect Feature**

Click and choose **Detect Feature**. Check the corresponding checkbox to display the features of the detection target.

## 2.14 EPTZ

EPTZ (Electronic PTZ) is a high-resolution function that digitally zooms and pans into portions of the image, with no physical camera movement. If you want to use the EPTZ function, make sure you have select the **Fourth Stream** in the live view. Fourth stream and EPTZ should be both enabled simultaneously.



The function is only supported by certain device models.

#### 2.14.1 Patrol

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → EPTZ.
- 2. Check Enable EPTZ.
- 3. Check Fourth Stream.
- 4. Select Patrol in Application.
- 5. Click Save.

#### What to do next

For the detailed information about the patrol settings, see the PTZ operations on live view page.

## 2.14.2 Auto-Tracking

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → EPTZ.
- 2. Check Enable EPTZ.
- 3. Check Fourth Stream.
- 4. Select Auto-tracking in Application.
- 5. Click **Detection Area** to start drawing.
- **6.** Click on the live video to specify the four vertexes of the detection area, and right click to complete drawing.
- 7. Set rules.

## Detection Target

Human and vehicle are available. If the detection target is not selected, all the detected targets will be tracked, including the human and vehicle.



Only certain camera models support this function.

#### Sensitivity

It stands for the percentage of the body part of an acceptable target that is tracked. Sensitivity =  $100 - S1/ST \times 100$ . S1 stands for the target body part that enters the pre-defined area. ST stands for the complete target body. The higher the value of sensitivity is, the more easily the target can be tracked.

8. Click Save.

## 2.15 Image Stitching

You can switch the video output mode for the camera according to your actual demand.

#### Steps



- The function is only supported by certain device models.
- The actual video output mode varies according to different models. The actual model prevails.
- 1. Go to Configuration → System → System Settings → Image Stitching.
- 2. Select the desired video output mode.

# Panorama + ePTZ

One stitched panoramic image (8 MP) and multiple channels ePTZ images. Channel 01 is the 8 MP panoramic image, and channel 02 and the subsequent channels are ePTZ images. You can set the number of the channels for the ePTZ image. Ten channels are available. For example, if you set the number of the ePTZ channels as 6, then the live view is seven channels: one 8 MP panoramic image and six ePTZ images.

## **Network Camera User Manual**

Panorama	One stitched panoramic image (32 MP) and the panoramic image output from 1 or 3 encoder track.
Original	Four independent original images (8 MP). Take the pendent mounting as an example, when facing the camera lens, the channel order is 01 $^{\sim}$ 04 from right to left.
Divided Panorama	The stitched 32 MP panoramic image is divided into four 8 MP images.
Encoder Track	Stream can be divided into several tracks in order to make up for the deficiency of decoder. 1 track and 3 tracks are selectable, and it is recommended to select 3, when the decoder is in poor performance.



- The ePTZ channels support patrol function. You can click on the live view image to enable or disable the patrol function for ePTZ channels.
- You can set the image settings for each channel in the original mode.
- Only the main stream of 24 MP and 16 MP panorama camera support the encoder track.
- 3. Enter the best stitching distance.

## **Best Stitching Distance**

The distance between the lens and the stitching surface you set for the best stitching image quality. The further the distance is, the worse the stitching image quality is.

#### **Example**

For example, if you set the best stitching distance to 30 meters, the stitching image of 30 meters far from the lens is the best quality. The stitching image of 20 or 40 meters far from the lens is not good and the image of 10 or 50 meters far from the lens is the worst.

4. Click Save.

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For **Original** mode, **Best Stitching Distance** are not supported.

# Appendix A. FAQ

Scan the following QR code to find the frequently asked questions of the device. Note that some frequently asked questions only apply to certain models.



# **Appendix B. Device Command**

Scan the following QR code to get device common serial port commands.

Note that the command list contains the commonly used serial port commands for all Hikvision network cameras.



# **Appendix C. Device Communication Matrix**

Scan the following QR code to get device communication matrix.

Note that the matrix contains all communication ports of Hikvision network cameras.



