

USER MANUAL

Edition: 1 from 08.01.2021 Supersedes the edition:

Power supplies PSG2 series

Enclosed buffer switch mode power supply unit Grade 2









Features:

- compliance with norm EN50131-6:2017 in grade 1, 2 and II environment class
- compliance with norm EN60839-11:2013 in grade 1, 2 and II environment class
- supply voltage ~200 240 V
- DC 13,8 V or 27,6 V uninterruptible power supply
- available versions with current efficiencies:

13,8 V: 2A/3A/5A/7A/10A/20A 27,6 V: 2A/3A/5A/10A

- high efficiency (up to 89%)
- battery charging current jumper selectable
- deep discharge battery protection (UVP)
- optional equipment: set of external LED indicators: PKAZ168, mounting plate DIN2-4

- START function of manual switch to battery power
- LED optical indication
- dynamic battery test
- battery circuit continuity control
- · battery voltage control
- battery charging and maintenance contro
- EPS technical output indicating AC power loss relay
- APS technical output indicating battery failure relay
- battery output protection against short circuit and reverse connection
- · protections:
 - SCP short circuit protection
 - OLP overload protection
 - OVP overvoltage protection
 - · surge protection
- warranty 2 years from production date

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1. Technical description.

1.1. General description.

The buffer power supply is designed in accordance with the requirements of the (I&HAS) EN50131-6:2017 and (KD) EN60839-11:2013 standard, grade 1, 2 and II environmental class. The power supplies units are intended for an uninterrupted supply of I&HAS and KD devices requiring stabilized voltage of 12 or 24 V DC (±15%).

Displaying parameters of the power supply:

PSU's name	Output voltage	Output current max.	Charging current
PSG2-12V2A	13,8 V	2,5 A	0,5 / 1 A
PSG2-12V3A	13,8 V	3,5 A	0,5 / 1 A
PSG2-12V5A	13,8 V	5 A	1/2 A
PSG2-12V7A	13,8 V	7 A	1/2A
PSG2-12V10A	13,8 V	10 A	1/4A
PSG2-12V20A	13,8 V	20 A	2/4/8 A
PSG2-24V2A	27,6 V	2,5 A	0,5 / 1 A
PSG2-24V3A	27,6 V	3,5 A	0,5 / 1 A
PSG2-24V5A	27,6 V	5 A	1/2A
PSG2-24V10A	27,6 V	10 A	1/2/4A

Total current of the receivers + battery charging current mustn't cross maximum current of power supply.

In case of power failure, a battery back-up is activated immediately.

Depending on a required protection level of the alarm system in the installation place, the PSU efficiency and the battery charging current should be set as follows:

The 12h standby output current can be calculated from the formula:

^{*} Grade 1, 2 - standby time 12h:

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I=QAKU/12 - IZ

where:

QAKU - minimum battery capacity [Ah]

- PSU current consumption (including optional modules) [A] (Table 3)



To be able to install PSU module in the Intrusion Detection Systems or Access Control systems, it must be placed in enclosure with an appropriate design and, in order to obtain certificate, supplementary tests must be commissioned for compliance with EN50131-6: 2017 or EN60839-11: 2013 standards in notified laboratory.



PSU module should be configured properly, depending on application, to work in burglary and assault signalling systems or access control. For this purpose, appropriate charging current should be selected (taking into account battery capacity and required charging time).

1.2. Block diagram (fig.1).

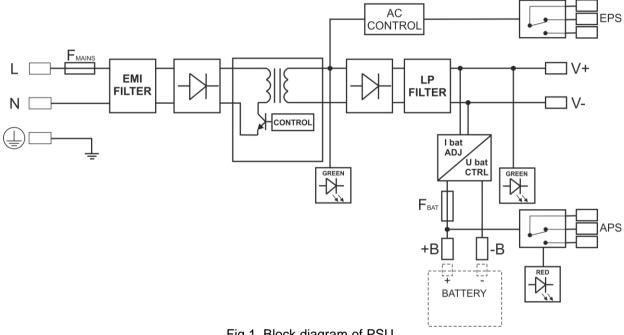


Fig.1. Block diagram of PSU.

1.3. Description of PSU components and connectors.

Table 1 Flements and connectors PSII (see Fig. 2a. 2b. 2c)

Table 1. Elements and connectors PSO (see Fig. 2a, 2b, 2c).			
Element no.	Description		
[1]	LED for DC output voltage		
[2]	connector to external LED indicators		
	Selection jumper for charging current: Power supply units 12V2A; 12V3A; 12V5A; 12V7A; 12V10A; 24V2A; 24V3A; 24V5A:		
	$\bullet I_{BAT} = \blacksquare , I_{BAT} = 11$		
[2]	$\bullet I_{BAT} = \blacksquare \blacksquare, I_{BAT} = 12$		
[3]	Power supply units 12V20A; 24V10A:		
	• I1= I2= I3= I3= I1		
	• I1= • I2= I3= I3= I3= I2		
	• I1= • I2= • I3= I3= I _{BAT} = I3		
[4]	START - START button (launching from battery)		
[5]	The output of the PSU (V+, V-)		
[6]	Battery terminals (B+ , B-)		
[7]	APS – technical output of battery failure		
[8]	EPS – technical output of AC power loss indication		
[9]	L-N Power supply connector 230 V AC, \pm – connector for connection of a protective conductor		
[10]	Battery fuse		

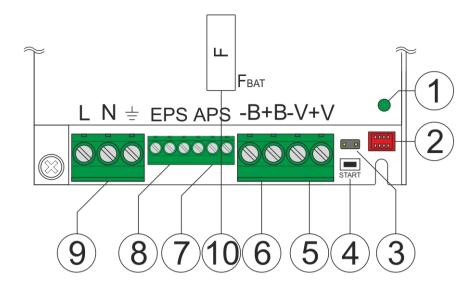


Fig. 2a. View of power supply module (12V2A, 12V3A, 12V5A, 12V7A, 24V2A, 24V3A models)

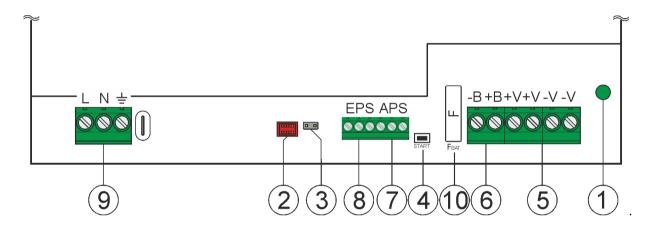


Fig. 2b. View of power supply module (12V10A, 24V5A models)

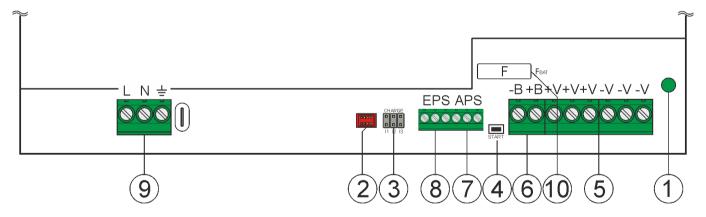


Fig. 2c. View of power supply module (12V20A, 24V10A models)

1.4. Specifications:

- electrical parameters (tab. 3)
- operation safety (tab. 4)
- operating parameters (tab. 5)

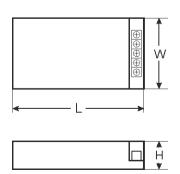


Table 3. Electrical parameters.

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Models	PSG2-12V2A	PSG2-12V3A	PSG2-12V5A	PSG2-12V7A	PSG2-12V10A	PSG2-12V20A
PSU type	A (EPS - External Power Source), II environmental class					
Supply voltage	~ 200 - 240 V					
Current consumption	0,4 A	0,5 A	0,8 A	1 A	1,3 A	1,5 A
Power frequency	50/60 Hz					
Inrush current	40 A 60 A					60 A
PSU power	35 W	48 W	69 W	96 W	138 W	276 W
Output current (max.)	2,5 A	3,5 A	5 A	7 A	10 A	20 A
Efficiency	86%	86%	87%	87%	88%	87%
Output voltage				buffer operation ry-assisted operation		
Ripple voltage (max.)				mV p-p		
Current consumption by the PSU						
systems during battery-assisted operation	30 mA	30 mA	30 mA	30 mA	50 mA	40 mA
Fitting battery	7 – 17 Ah	7 – 17 Ah	7 – 40 Ah	7 – 40 Ah	7 – 65Ah	17 – 65Ah
Charging current (jumper selectable)	I1: 0,5 A I2: 1 A	I1: 0,5 A I2: 1 A	I1: 1 A I2: 2 A	I1: 1 A I2: 2 A	I1: 1 A I2: 4 A	I1: 2 A I2: 4 A I3: 8 A
Net/gross weight	0,28 / 0,33 [kg]	0,28 / 0,33 [kg]	0,35 / 0,41 [kg]	0,39 / 0,45 [kg]	0,83 / 0,88 [kg]	1,22 / 1,30 [kg]
Battery circuit protection SCP and reverse polarity connection	- F _{BAT} fuse (in case of a failure, fuse-element replacement required - under power supply cover)				- F _{BAT} fuse (in case of a failure, fuse-element replacement required)	
Overload protection OLP	105-150% PSU power, automatically recovered					
Overvoltage protection OVP	>19 V (activation requires disconnecting the load or supply for about approx. 1 min)					
Deep discharge battery protection UVP	U<9,5 V (± 5%) – disconnection of battery terminal					
Optical indication	- LEDs on PCB of power supply unit					
LED optical indication output	LED AC – presence of AC voltage					
(intended for optional indication set	LED DC – presence of DC voltage in the output of the PSU					
PKAZ168)	APS FLT – battery failure					
Fuses: - F _{BAT}	F 3,15A/250V	F 4A/250V	T 6,3A/250V	F 8A/250V	T 10A/250V	T 20A
Enclosure dimensions (LxWxH) [±2mm]	129x98x40	129x98x40	159x98x42	159x98x42	204x141x52	237x168x54
Terminals: Mains supply:	0,5 – 2,5 mm ² (AWG 26 – 12)					
Outputs:	0,0 - 2,0 mm (AVVG 20 - 12)					
Battery outputs:	Battery wires 6,3F – 45cm, angle muffs ML062 Battery wires Φ6 (M6-2,5), 45cm					
Optional equipment:	a set for optical indication LED PKAZ168, mounting plate DIN2-4					
Notes:						
110163.	convectional cooling Forced cooling				i orcea cooming	

Models	PSG2-24V2A	PSG2-24V3A	PSG2-24V5A	PSG2-24V10A	
PSU type	A (EPS - External Power Source), II environmental class				
Supply voltage	~ 200 - 240 V				
Current consumption	0,8 A	1 A	1,3 A	1,5 A	
Power frequency	50/60 Hz				
Inrush current	40 A 60 A				
PSU power	69 W	96 W	138 W	276 W	
Output current (max.)	2,5 A	3,5 A	5 A	10 A	
Efficiency	89%	89%	89%	87%	
Output voltage			ouffer operation ry-assisted operation		
Ripple voltage (max.)			νV p-p		
Current consumption by the PSU					
systems during battery-assisted operation	20 mA	30 mA	40 mA	40 mA	
Fitting battery	7 – 17 Ah	7 – 40 Ah	7 – 40 Ah	7 – 65Ah	
Charging current (jumper selectable)	I1: 0,5 A I2: 1 A	I1: 0,5 A I2: 1 A	I1: 1 A I2: 2 A	I1: 1 A I2: 2 A I3: 4 A	
Net / gross weight	0,38 / 0,42 [kg]	0,39 / 0,45 [kg]	0,81 / 0,86 [kg]	1,23 / 1,30 [kg]	
Battery circuit protection SCP and	- F _{BAT} fuse (in case of a failure, fus	use-element replacement required -			
reverse polarity connection	under power supply cover) under power			r supply cover)	
Overload protection OLP	105-150% PSU power, automatically recovered				
Overvoltage protection OVP	>37 V (activation requires disconnecting the load or supply for about approx. 1 min)				
Deep discharge battery protection UVP	U<19 V (± 5%) – disconnection of battery terminal				
Optical indication	- LEDs on PCB of power supply unit				
LED optical indication output (intended for optional indication set PKAZ168)	LED AC – presence of AC voltage LED DC – presence of DC voltage in the output of the PSU APS FLT – battery failure				
Fuses: - F _{BAT}	F 3,15A/250V	T 6,3A/250V	F 8A/250V	T 10A/250V	
Enclosure dimensions (LxWxH) [±2mm]	159x98x42	159x98x42	204x141x52	237x168x54	
Terminals: Mains supply: Outputs:	0,5 – 2,5 mm ² (AWG 26 – 12)				
Battery outputs:	Batte	Battery wires Φ6 (M6-2,5), 45cm			
Optional equipment:	a set for optical indication LED PKAZ168, mounting plate DIN3-4				
Notes:	convectional cooling			convectional cooling	

Table 4. Operation safety.

Protection class EN 62368-1	I (first)
Degree of Protection EN 60529	IP20
Electrical strength of insulation:	
- between input and output circuits of the PSU	2500 V AC min.
- between input circuit and PE protection circuit	1500 V AC min.
- between output circuit and PE protection circuit	500 V AC min.
Insulation resistance:	
- between input circuit and output or protection circuit	100 MΩ, 500 V DC

Table 5. Operating parameters.

Environmental Class	II
Operating temperature	-10°C+40°C
Storage temperature	-20°C+60°C
Relative humidity	20%90%, without condensation
Vibrations during operation	unacceptable
Impulse waves during operation	unacceptable
Environmental Class	unacceptable
Operating temperature	PN-83/T-42106

2. Installation.

2.1 Requirements.

The buffer PSU is to be mounted by a qualified installer, holding relevant permits and licenses (applicable and required for a given country) for 230 V interference and low-voltage installations. The unit should be mounted in confined spaces, in accordance with the I environmental class, with normal relative humidity (RH=90% maximum, without condensing) and temperature from -10°C do +40°C. The PSU shall work in a vertical position that guarantees sufficient convectional air-flow through ventilating holes of the enclosure.

The unit should be mounted in a metal enclosure (cabinet) in a vertical position so as to ensure free, convection air flow through the vents. In order to meet the EU requirements, follow the guidelines on: power supply, enclosures and shielding: - according to application.

As the PSU is designed for a continuous operation and is not equipped with a power-switch, therefore an appropriate overload protection shall be guaranteed in the power supply circuit. Moreover, the user shall be informed about the method of unplugging (usually through assigning an appropriate fuse in the fuse-box). The electrical system shall follow valid standards and regulations.

2.2 Installation procedure.



CAUTION!

Before installation, make sure that the voltage in the 230 V power-supply circuit is cut off. To switch off power use an external switch in which the distance between the contacts of all poles in the disconnection state is not less than 3mm.

It is required to install an installation switch with a nominal current of 6 A in the power supply circuits outside the power supply unit.

- 1. Mount the PSU in a selected location and connect the wires.
- 2. Connect the power cables (~230 V) to AC 230 V clips of the transformer. Connect the ground wire to the clip marked by the earth symbol . Use a three-core cable (with a yellow and green protection wire) to make the connection. Lead the cables to the appropriate clips of the subplate through the insulating bushing.



The shock protection circuit shall be performed with a particular care, i.e. the yellow and green wire coat of the power cable shall stick to one side of the '⊕' terminal - in the PSU enclosure. Operation of the PSU without a properly made and fully operational shock protection circuit is UNACCEPTABLE! It can cause a device failure or an electric shock.

- 3. If needed, connect the device cables to the technical outputs:
 - EPS; technical output indicating AC power failure
 - APS; technical output indicating battery failure
- Connect equipment to the appropriate output terminals of power supply (positive connector +V, negative connector -V)
- Use the I_{BAT} jumper to set the maximum battery charging current, taking into account the battery parameters and required charging time.

6. Mount the battery in the battery compartment of the enclosure. Connect the batteries with the PSU paying special attention to the correct polarity and type of connections (Fig.4):

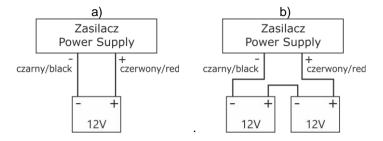


Fig. 4 Connecting batteries depending on voltage version of power supply: a) version 12V, b) version 24V,

7. Switch on the 230 V supply. LEDs on the PCB of power supply should light. Optionally, you can install additional PKAZ168 signal module (chapter 3.1). After installing and checking proper working, the enclosure can be closed. Output voltage of the PSU, without load U = 13,8 (27,6) V DC.

During battery charge, voltage can amount to U = 11 - 13,8 (22 - 27,6) V DC.

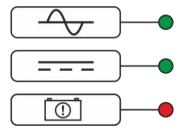
- 8. Run the PSU test: check the LED and acoustic indication (Tab. 7), technical output; through:
 - cutting off the 230 V current: LED AC (Fig. 2 level 5), EPS technical output after time 30s
 - battery disconnection: optical indication, APS technical output after a battery test have been

3. Operating status indication.

The power supply unit features LED and acoustic status indication

3.1 Optical indication.

Moreover, PSU is equipped with LED indicating presence of voltage at PSU output, located on PCB of PSU module. Moreover, signalling can be extended with optional PKAZ168 module:



Green LED AC:

- on the PSU is supplied with 230V AC,
- off no 230 V power, battery-assisted operation

Green LED DC:

- on presence of DC voltage in the output of the PSU
- off no voltage in the output of the PSU

Red LED APS:

- off no failure
- on indicates battery failure status

3.2 Technical outputs.

The PSU is equipped with indication outputs:

• EPS FLT - technical output indicating 230 V power failure.

The output indicates 230 V power failure. In case of power failure, contacts of relay change over after about 30 seconds.

• APS FLT - output indicating battery failure.

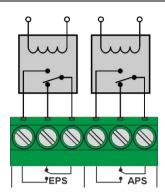
The output indicates the PSU failure. In case of failure, contacts of relay change over.

PSU failure can be caused by the following events:

- defective or low battery
- battery fuse failure
- no continuity in the battery circuit
- battery voltage below 11,5 (23) V during battery-assisted operation

A battery failure is detected within a maximum of 5 minutes - after each battery test

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CAUTION! In figure set of contacts shows a potential-free status of relay, which corresponds to power supply failure.

3.3 Standby time.

Battery-assisted operating depends on battery capacity, charging level and load current. To maintain an appropriate standby time, Required battery capacity can be calculated using following formula:

 Q_{AKU} = Standby Period*(I_{WY} + Iz)

where:

Q_{AKU} – minimum battery capacity [Ah]

I_{WY} – power supplies output current (drawing by the load)

Iz – PSU current consumption (including optional modules) [A] (Table 3)

Total current of the receivers + battery charging current mustn't cross maximum current of power supply.

3.4 Battery charging time.

The PSU has a battery circuit charged with direct current. The current selection is done with use of the I_{BAT} jumpers. The table below shows how long does it take to charge a (fully discharged) battery up to min. 80% of its nominal capacity.

Table 6. Approximate battery charging time up to the capacity of 0,8.

Battery	Charging current				
	0,5 A	1 A	2 A	4 A	8 A
7 Ah	13 h	7 h	-	-	-
17 Ah	31 h	16 h	8 h	4 h	-
28 Ah	-	26 h	13 h	7 h	-
40 Ah	-	36 h	18 h	9 h	5 h
65 Ah	-	-	30 h	15 h	8 h

3.5 Running PSU on battery backup.

Power supply allows you to run on battery backup when necessary. To do this, press the START button on PCB.

4. Maintenance.

Any and all maintenance operations may be performed following the disconnection of the PSU from the power supply network. The PSU does not require performing any specific maintenance measures, however, in the case of significant dust rate, its interior is recommended to be cleaned with compressed air. In the case of a fuse replacement, use a replacement of the same parameters.



WEEE LABEL

Waste electrical and electronic equipment must not be disposed of with normal household waste.

According to the European Union WEEE Directive, waste electrical and electronic equipment should be disposed of separately from normal household waste.

CAUTION! The power supply unit is adapted for cooperation with the sealed lead-acid batteries (SLA). After the operation period they must not be thrown but recycled according to the applicable law.

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